

**PORTRAIT COLOURING**  
 WE DO IT IN THE HOLLYWOOD WAY  
 VIVID-ATTRACTIVE-SMART  
**FRANCIS WU'S STUDIO**  
 GLOUCESTER ARCADE

# CHINA MAIL

ESTABLISHED FOR OVER ONE HUNDRED YEARS

No. 33736

HONG KONG, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1947.

For THE NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE  
WINDSOR HOUSE  
Price: 20 Cents.

We Buy and Sell  
**TYPEWRITERS**  
 CALCULATING MACHINES  
 also Anything and Everything  
 for OFFICE MACHINES  
 Excellent Service  
**Hongkong Typewriter Exchange**  
 9, D'Aguilar St. Tel. 21433

## UNEASY TRUCE HANGS OVER JAVA FRONT U.S. Admiral May Intervene

**Batavia, Aug. 5.**  
 Indonesia began its first day of peace after 15 days of fighting today when hostilities between the Indonesian Republicans and the Dutch forces officially ended with a midnight "cease fire."  
 The Republican President, Dr. Soekarno, broadcast the cease fire order to his troops over Jogjakarta radio last night.  
 (Australia's representative on the Security Council, Colonel William Hodgson, had accused the Dutch Government authorities of delaying the transmission of the Council's note and preventing Indonesian officials from communicating with their Government, according to a Reuter report last night.)

An hour-and-a-half after a Dutch Mitchell bomber had appeared over Jogjakarta airfield to drop an official copy of the Security Council's cable, four Dutch Kittyhawk fighters strafed a village adjoining the airfield, the radio said.  
 In its reply to the Security Council, the Republic Government urged the appointment of a Commission of several countries to arbitrate in the Dutch-Indonesian conflict "because there is no guarantee that the Dutch will not violate the cease-fire order."  
 United Press Staff Correspondent on the Ambarrava Front, Peter Hill said:  
 "The midnight cease-fire arrived in moonlight tropics with only normal jungle noises and the snoring of Dutch troops breaking the silence."

**Doubts**  
 "The last gunfire was heard several hours ago when Indonesian troops attacked Banjoebroe three miles south of here.  
 As Dutch troops slept only the guards were alert—not only

### THE WEATHER

At 0000 hours GMT (4 p.m. Hong Kong summer time) the "typhoon" was centred 800 miles E of Formosa moving NNW at 10 knots. Pressure is high E of the Marianas, over Borneo and in a ridge extending from the Sea of Japan SW to Sumatra. A vigorous trough lies along the coast of China.  
 Today's Forecast: Moderate SW winds, fresh at times, weather continuing unsettled with further showers.  
 Yesterday's Weather:  
 Maximum 84.1 deg. F.  
 Minimum 74.5 deg. F.  
 Sunshine 101 hours.  
 Rainfall: 32.4 mm. = 1.32 inches. Total since Jan. 1—1706.8 mm. as against an average of 1509.9 mm.  
 Rainfall at:  
 10 a.m. 100.4 m.m.  
 4 p.m. 29.76  
 29.76 inches.  
 Rel. Humidity 91 92 94  
 Dew Point 78 78 78 deg. F.  
 Wind Direction SW  
 Wind Force 2 9 knots.

## Hirohito Must Share War Guilt, Says Webb

(By Frank White)

**Tokyo, Aug. 5.**  
 International Military Tribunal for the Far East President, Sir William Webb, said today that he did not share the defense view that the Japanese Emperor was merely acting under "constitutional government" when he followed Cabinet advice and ordered the war against the United States and Britain.

"If a Cabinet advises a King to commit a crime and the King orders that it be committed, there is no constitutional protection," said Sir William, in the course of discussion with Defense Attorney William Hogan on the admissibility of the defense testimony that certain Japanese were advised against the opening of the Pacific War.  
 Sir William remarked that "it still remains that the men who advised the commission of a crime, if it be one, are in no worse a position than the man

who directs the crime he committed."  
 Japan's Emperor Hirohito with much of his power shorn under the new occupation-directed constitution still remains on the throne.  
 The prosecution evidence has repeatedly indicated that the Japanese military leaders charged by the prosecution with conspiracy to plan, institute, and wage wars of aggression often appealed to the emperor when the civil government attempt to curb their activities.

### ON OTHER PAGES

Page Two  
 Far East to Commence  
 Churchill Attack  
 Page Three  
 Japanese Policy Home  
 Page Four  
 Council Referred

## Canton Demands Return Of Macao

**Shanghai, Aug. 5.**  
 The Provincial Peoples Assembly in Canton sent a message throughout the country demanding the immediate restoration of Macao, the Portuguese colony on the South China coast, to China, according to the Government-controlled Central News Agency.  
 The report added that the action was taken following news of an alleged killing of a Chinese national by the Portuguese police in Macao.—Reuter.

## LAST-MINUTE TALKS ON U.K. CRISIS

**London, Aug. 5.**  
 Prime Minister Attlee met the full Cabinet today for last-minute discussion of the austerity programme which he is expected to put before the House of Commons tomorrow in an effort to avert an economic crash in Britain this winter.

Approximately 1,000 crisis-anxious Britons, jammed into tiny Downing Street and stood behind a police line on the sidewalk opposite No. 10 while Mr. Attlee met the Cabinet within the plain, unimposing building.

Throughout the day the Prime Minister and his principal Ministers—Mr. Herbert Morrison, Lord President of the Council, Mr. Ernest Bevin, the Foreign Secretary, Sir Stafford Cripps, President of the Board of Trade, Mr. Hugh Dalton, Chancellor of the Exchequer—were locked for individual conferences with their advisors and leaders of industry and labour.  
 The all-powerful Trades Union Congress already had been given the broad outline of the Attlee programme and its general council of 33 leaders of British labour are to meet tomorrow morning to give

Mr. Attlee their reply just before the Commons begins its two-day economic debate at 2.30 p.m.  
 The TUC is not expected to raise any major objection.  
**"Keep Left"**  
 The "Keep Left" group of the Labour Party is understood to have petitioned the Prime Minister to "scorch the rumours" that Government would not go ahead with the nationalisation of iron and steel.

There has been increasing reluctance apparent on the part of the Cabinet to push this to the next scheduled step of their socialisation programme.  
 British morning newspaper headlines indicated Mr. Attlee is awaiting word from Washington before putting the finishing touches to his crisis speech.

Whitehall hoped Washington would ease the terms of the American loan, especially Articles 7, 8, 9 governing the free convertibility of sterling and restrictions on British trade within the Commonwealth.

There is hope that the International Monetary Fund would declare dollars "scarce currency" which, under its regulations, would free Britain from the free convertibility and non-discrimination clauses.

**Lying Low**  
 Official quarters are keeping quiet until Mr. Attlee spoke but there seemed to be some support for the prediction that the textile, motor and leather industries would be given priority on coal and raw materials to speed the export drive and bring in dollars.

A spokesman at the Ministry of Supply said that no "emergency orders" had gone out yet for the re-allocation of essential raw materials especially coal and steel.

He said it could be assured, however, that the coal industry would be given as much coal as it wants within reason.  
 He said that in last winter's crisis when industry was limited to 50 per cent of its coal consumption the steel industry was given 75 per cent.

The spokesman said such allocations were made on a quarterly basis and the allocations for the January quarter would be made next month.—United Press.

During a 30-minute visit underground, Hirohito rubbed elbows with coalminers and encouraged them to boost coal production for the country's rehabilitation.

Court officials who accompanied the Emperor into the pit said the Emperor made no complaint despite a 118-degree Fahrenheit heat.

The Emperor is on a two-week tour of Northern Honshu.—United Press.

**Hirohito Turns Miner**  
 Teira, Fukushima Prefecture, Aug. 5.  
 Emperor Hirohito made an unprecedented visit to a 1,500-foot deep coal mine pit in the noted Joban coalfields here today.

Members of the mission are Lord Amnon (Lab.), Lord Amulree (Lib.), Mr. F. McLeary (Lab.), Mr. J. Harrison (Lab.), Mr. W. Roberts (Lib.) and Air Commodore A.V. Harvey (Unionist).

The mission during its stay in China will visit Peking, Mukden, Tientsin, Tientsin, Shanghai, Hankow, Kwantung, Port Arthur, Harbin, Changchun and Chien-chow. The mission will be in China for about a month.

## More Fears Of Reds

**Washington, Aug. 5.**  
 The House Committee on Un-American Activities today disclosed plans to combat communism in the Philippine islands.

Robert E. Stripling, chief investigator, said the request came from Cornelio T. Villareal, chairman of the Judicial Committee of the island republic House of Representatives.

Villareal also is head of a special committee that has been investigating the anti-government Hukbalahap movement in the Philippines.

In a letter to Chairman J. Parnell Thomas (Republican), of the Un-American Activities Committee, Villareal asked for "a memo on how to proceed" in an investigation of Communism and "other subversive activities" on the islands.

"Communism is a common problem of our two countries," Villareal quoted.

The effect of Communist activities in the Philippines has reached a stage of armed resistance to government authority and although this phase of the Red movement here is under control, there is still the delicate job of washing away its political and intellectual influence over a considerable portion of our people from all walks of life."

Villareal said there obviously is "a tie" between activities of the Communists in the United States and in the Philippines.

Stripling did not disclose details of the help the committee will provide but said the committee's policy in the past has been to give aid to state organizations requesting it.—Associated Press.

**Unknown Man**  
 A storekeeper across the street said a uniformed man warned him a few minutes before the blast to retreat inside.

The man then walked inside the PWD building a few seconds before the blast.

The man was not seen again. The building—also known as the Labour building—is a two-story structure of stone sandwiched between two hospital buildings in the centre of the business district.

It was formerly the German Consulate.

The first official communique reported one dead—the British constable—and said two unidentified persons are believed trapped.

A little later two bodies were removed from the wreckage and survivors believe one more man is trapped.

Rescuers dug out a dust-covered blast victim who was shouting, "For God's sake get me to a doctor."

The rescuers are working under tottering walls which threaten to crash at any moment.

The police and military cordoned off the area and started searching for the perpetrators even as rescue work went on.

Meanwhile, other police and troops combed orange groves near Tel-Letwinsky in a search for the British officer, reported to have been kidnapped. Three hours later there is still no evidence to substantiate the report.

Tel-Aviv was cordoned off and no one allowed to leave the city.

British authorities, in a nation-wide round-up of suspected underground elements early today arrested Jewish mayors

in Birmingham, a wall was decorated with a sign nearly half a block long, embroidered with "Gentiles, Ayas!" Reclaim Jewish satellites! Remember: Police and Marvins!

Merryn, Poles and O'flannery were the two British Army sergeants who were hanged by the Irish Zvai Leumi Jewish underground in retribution for the execution of three of their comrades at Acre Prison.

The National Government is however considering opening Communist-controlled areas to UNRRA supplies. P.H. Po Director-General of UNRRA told reporters today after meeting the Executive Council.

The National Government is however considering opening Communist-controlled areas to UNRRA supplies. P.H. Po Director-General of UNRRA told reporters today after meeting the Executive Council.

## Huge Blast Shatters Street Wall In Jerusalem

**Jerusalem, Aug. 5.**  
 A tremendous blast on Jerusalem's Street of Prophets at 4.30 p.m. local time today ripped apart the entire front wall of the Public Works Department building and killed a British policeman.

The blast threw a column of dust over 150 feet high. Several are believed injured. Rescuers are digging feverishly in the pile of rubble.

The explosion came just five minutes after an alleged Irgun Zvai Leumi spokesman told the Palestine Post that the PWD building would be blown up.

It is believed the explosion was caused by a time bomb. It is believed three men are still buried in the ruins.

**Mayors Held**  
 The drive is a new attempt to eradicate terrorism from the Holy Land.

Striking simultaneously all over Palestine, soldiers and police seized Jewish leaders believed to be sympathetic to the Irgun Zvai Leumi underground organisation.

Most of the Jews were hustled off to prisons in Arab communities to prevent the Irgun from attempting to free them.

There was no official confirmation of the mayors' arrests but a Government spokesman in Jerusalem admitted that "approximately 60 persons" had been arrested in a campaign against terrorism.

Informed Jewish sources said the arrested leaders were involved with a Rightwing revisionist party which allegedly tacitly supports the Irgun Zvai Leumi extremist campaign.

The arrested Jews included Tel-Aviv Mayor Israel Rokah, Ramat-Gan Mayor Abraham Kitzin, Nathanya Mayor Oved Ben Ami, Petah-Tiqva Mayor Joseph Saphir.

The arrests marked the boldest action by the Palestine authorities to stamp out terrorism since the arrest of the Jewish Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

The arrested Jews included Tel-Aviv Mayor Israel Rokah, Ramat-Gan Mayor Abraham Kitzin, Nathanya Mayor Oved Ben Ami, Petah-Tiqva Mayor Joseph Saphir.

The arrests marked the boldest action by the Palestine authorities to stamp out terrorism since the arrest of the Jewish Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

The arrested Jews included Tel-Aviv Mayor Israel Rokah, Ramat-Gan Mayor Abraham Kitzin, Nathanya Mayor Oved Ben Ami, Petah-Tiqva Mayor Joseph Saphir.

The arrests marked the boldest action by the Palestine authorities to stamp out terrorism since the arrest of the Jewish Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

The arrested Jews included Tel-Aviv Mayor Israel Rokah, Ramat-Gan Mayor Abraham Kitzin, Nathanya Mayor Oved Ben Ami, Petah-Tiqva Mayor Joseph Saphir.

The arrests marked the boldest action by the Palestine authorities to stamp out terrorism since the arrest of the Jewish Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

The arrested Jews included Tel-Aviv Mayor Israel Rokah, Ramat-Gan Mayor Abraham Kitzin, Nathanya Mayor Oved Ben Ami, Petah-Tiqva Mayor Joseph Saphir.

The arrests marked the boldest action by the Palestine authorities to stamp out terrorism since the arrest of the Jewish Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

The arrested Jews included Tel-Aviv Mayor Israel Rokah, Ramat-Gan Mayor Abraham Kitzin, Nathanya Mayor Oved Ben Ami, Petah-Tiqva Mayor Joseph Saphir.

The arrests marked the boldest action by the Palestine authorities to stamp out terrorism since the arrest of the Jewish Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

The arrested Jews included Tel-Aviv Mayor Israel Rokah, Ramat-Gan Mayor Abraham Kitzin, Nathanya Mayor Oved Ben Ami, Petah-Tiqva Mayor Joseph Saphir.

The arrests marked the boldest action by the Palestine authorities to stamp out terrorism since the arrest of the Jewish Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

## Record Flight Off

**Chicago, Aug. 5.**  
 Captain William Odom was forced back on his first attempt to set a new solo round-the-world record on scheduled test flights for his plane.

Odom turned back on Monday when over the Bay of Biscay in Nova Scotia because of a defective altimeter which made it impossible for him to control the plane properly.

It was revealed that he also nearly cracked up on the take-off on Monday due to an overload of gasoline.

"I've never so frightened in all my life," he said.—United Press.

## New Man In S'hai Murder

**Shanghai, Aug. 5.**  
 Hongkong-born Britisher Charlie Archer has confessed he was driving the car on Friday afternoon on a highway outside Shanghai while Cpl. Thomas A. Malloy, of Chicago, fired the shots that killed a black market gold and U.S. dollar dealer, Yu Shen-shao, police investigators revealed today.

Malloy, who is attached to the Shanghai detachment's hospital of the Army Advisory Group, is being detained for investigation by the Chinese and American Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

Malloy, who is attached to the Shanghai detachment's hospital of the Army Advisory Group, is being detained for investigation by the Chinese and American Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

Malloy, who is attached to the Shanghai detachment's hospital of the Army Advisory Group, is being detained for investigation by the Chinese and American Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

Malloy, who is attached to the Shanghai detachment's hospital of the Army Advisory Group, is being detained for investigation by the Chinese and American Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

Malloy, who is attached to the Shanghai detachment's hospital of the Army Advisory Group, is being detained for investigation by the Chinese and American Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

Malloy, who is attached to the Shanghai detachment's hospital of the Army Advisory Group, is being detained for investigation by the Chinese and American Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

Malloy, who is attached to the Shanghai detachment's hospital of the Army Advisory Group, is being detained for investigation by the Chinese and American Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

Malloy, who is attached to the Shanghai detachment's hospital of the Army Advisory Group, is being detained for investigation by the Chinese and American Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

Malloy, who is attached to the Shanghai detachment's hospital of the Army Advisory Group, is being detained for investigation by the Chinese and American Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

Malloy, who is attached to the Shanghai detachment's hospital of the Army Advisory Group, is being detained for investigation by the Chinese and American Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

Malloy, who is attached to the Shanghai detachment's hospital of the Army Advisory Group, is being detained for investigation by the Chinese and American Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

Malloy, who is attached to the Shanghai detachment's hospital of the Army Advisory Group, is being detained for investigation by the Chinese and American Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

Malloy, who is attached to the Shanghai detachment's hospital of the Army Advisory Group, is being detained for investigation by the Chinese and American Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

Malloy, who is attached to the Shanghai detachment's hospital of the Army Advisory Group, is being detained for investigation by the Chinese and American Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

Malloy, who is attached to the Shanghai detachment's hospital of the Army Advisory Group, is being detained for investigation by the Chinese and American Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

Malloy, who is attached to the Shanghai detachment's hospital of the Army Advisory Group, is being detained for investigation by the Chinese and American Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.

Malloy, who is attached to the Shanghai detachment's hospital of the Army Advisory Group, is being detained for investigation by the Chinese and American Agency leaders exactly a year ago.—United Press.



**COSTS LAID BARE**  
**INCREDIBLE REDUCTIONS**

Our  
**Unprecedented Offers Still Hold Good**

throughout  
**ALL THIS WEEK!**

**MAKE YOUR SELECTIONS**  
 from  
**HUNDREDS OF UNBELIEVABLE ITEMS**

such as  
 White Gaborline Trousers ..... \$ 9.50 pr.  
 Cellular White Shirts ..... 10.50 ea.  
 Printed Lamkin ..... 4.00 yd.  
 2-way Stretch Girdles (far below controlled price) ..... 8.80  
 American "You-Sew-It" Frocks ..... 4.80 ea.  
 Benlow-Golmet Lighters ..... 9.70 ea.  
 Chiffonette Stockings ..... 4.20 pr.

Other window-smashing outbreaks were reported in New-castle, Collyhurst and Chorlton-on-Medlock.

In Birmingham, a wall was decorated with a sign nearly half a block long, embroidered with "Gentiles, Ayas!" Reclaim Jewish satellites! Remember: Police and Marvins!

Merryn, Poles and O'flannery were the two British Army sergeants who were hanged by the Irish Zvai Leumi Jewish underground in retribution for the execution of three of their comrades at Acre Prison.

The National Government is however considering opening Communist-controlled areas to UNRRA supplies. P.H. Po Director-General of UNRRA told reporters today after meeting the Executive Council.

The National Government is however considering opening Communist-controlled areas to UNRRA supplies. P.H. Po Director-General of UNRRA told reporters today after meeting the Executive Council.

The National Government is however considering opening Communist-controlled areas to UNRRA supplies. P.H. Po Director-General of UNRRA told reporters today after meeting the Executive Council.







# GENERAL ELECTION CALL

## Mr. Churchill Attacks The Government

### No Conservative Wish For Coalition Cabinet

Woodstock, Aug. 4. Mr. Winston Churchill charged today that the Labour Government had "frittered away" the American loan on "indulgences" such as picture shows and tobacco instead of spending it for Britain's recovery from war.

"When you borrow money from another country for the sacred purpose of rehabilitation, it is wrong to squander it upon indulgences," Mr. Churchill said.

The Government statement, expected on Wednesday to make drastic curtailments, did not offer any measure "that would not have been far more effective if made a year or six months ago."

He added that the Labourites had waited until too late because "they were too busy planning controls and queues of hordes of officials and multitudes of resolutions."

Mr. Churchill spoke to a gathering, estimated by police at between 40,000 and 50,000, on the great lawn of Blenheim Palace, which is the ancestral home of the Dukes of Marlborough and Mr. Churchill's birthplace.

He said, "The foundation of British policy must be ever closer association with the United States."

The Secretary of State, General George Marshall, had "stated publicly" his plan for aiding Europe was "directly linked" with the Churchill scheme for a United States of Europe, Mr. Churchill said.

He rejected talk about a coalition government and said "the only hope of national recovery" would be "disengagement of those who have so obviously failed in their task."

He called for a general election and said that until the Socialists were defeated "there will be no recovery from our present misfortunes."

He declared that it was not Britain's aim to divide Europe, but "it is true that an iron curtain has descended across Europe from Stettin on the Baltic to Trieste on the Adriatic."

#### Evil Pliht

"We do not wish the slightest ill to those who dwell in the East. Let there be sunshine on both sides of the iron curtain and if sunshine should be equal on both sides of the iron curtain, the curtain will be no more. It will vanish away like the mist of the morning and melt in the warm light of happy days and cheerful friendship."

This was Mr. Churchill's first political speech since his recent illness. He told the Conservative rally today that "our minds are oppressed by the evil plight into which our country has fallen."

"Cabinet Ministers tell us every week-end how bad our position is and that the twelfth hour will strike before the end of the year. The main facts are obvious to every thinking man and woman. Under the capitalist system of free enterprise, we had bred in Great Britain nearly 47 millions of people, whose progress was constant and whose standard of living before the war was already the highest in Europe."

"I could not have believed, on the morrow of the German and Japanese surrenders that so short a period of time could bring us all so low. Nearby, on the continent of Europe, we have seen countries which were conquered, ravaged and stripped by the enemy and were liberated by strong arms, which already have restored thriving active life to their peoples."

#### Pains And Penalties

"But we of proud Britain, who stood alone against a mighty tyrant, who kept the flag of freedom flying unaided for more than a whole year; are now forced to live on foreign aid and also to subject ourselves to privations worse than those in the war. And if these hardships fall, there lies before us not only bankruptcy."

"Such are the facts laid before us by the Ministers of the Socialist Government and confirmed by all that we can learn for ourselves. We are told that on Wednesday, next, the Prime Minister is to unfold another catalogue of pains and penalties which everyone must endure."

"In spite of all our warnings, he has left action to late. I fear that his measures will not be equal to the emergency and will only be the another agent of privation, frustration and restriction along our downward path."

at some of the conditions that were imposed in it."

#### No Shame

"However, I relied, and rely now, on the wisdom of the fair-minded American people to make the necessary easements without which the policy for which they had made heavy sacrifices will certainly fall in its effect."

"There is no shame in one brave and faithful ally, deeply injured in a common struggle, asking another to help him recover and stand upon his feet. Had the positions been reversed, we would have done the same for them. Therefore, I supported the American loan and I also support and justify further appeals to the United States, provided that we are doing our best, that we are making the most of our resources, that we are determined to become a self-supporting nation and system at the earliest moment and will put aside every impediment and labour long and hard."

#### U.S. Loan

"It is when we are not trying our best, not making the most of ourselves and our resources, not pursuing a wise or practical policy, not coming forward as a United Nation, not trying to deal with problems on their merits, that there is humiliation in asking and receiving aid from a mighty and friendly ally."

"The object of the American loan and its only possible justification was to enable us to get our industry and agriculture working with the fullest activity and to bring in the necessary food—for we grow barely half we need—until conditions of world trade were restored. It was thought this would take between three or four years of good administration, strict economy and united effort by all parties and classes under conditions of growing freedom from wartime restriction."

Mr. Churchill said these hopes had not been fulfilled and the fault was not wholly that of the Socialist Government but partly because of rising prices in the United States.

"This is an aspect I am sure that the United States ought and will take into consideration in relaxing conditions which hamper our purchases in sterling from our Dominions and colonies."

#### Frittered Away

"But there are other reasons why the loan has been ineffective."

He sharply criticized the management of the nationalized coal mines and recent imposition of a five-day week for miners and said: "They have got to realize that a five-day week founded upon an American dollar in the shape of imports produced by the exertions of American working men is not likely to last very long unless it results in improved production."

Mr. Churchill also criticized the Government for: "Wild financial extravagance" in which the Government cost £3,000,000,000 yearly, or more than three times the pre-war budgets.

Too great expenditure on the Army and Navy "for such meagre results in fighting power."

Failure to inform the United Nations that Britain could no longer "bear the burdens of insult and injury" in Palestine.

Lending or spending abroad "without any return" more than £740,000,000 since the end of the war.—United Press.

## More Hooliganism In Liverpool

Liverpool, Aug. 4. Anti-Jewish demonstrations were renewed in Liverpool today as a crowd, several hundred strong, gathered in the shopping area and tried to loot from premises where windows were smashed in the disturbances last night. Police arriving on the scene broke up the crowd.

In one case, a group, including women and children, entered a damaged drapers' and tailor's store and scattered the account books, bills and papers in the street.

Today's outbreak was the first day-time disturbance in Liverpool since the start of anti-Semitic demonstrations in several British towns, including Glasgow, Manchester and London, which followed last week's hanging by Jewish terrorists in Palestine of two British sergeants.

An official statement today by the Chief Constable of Liverpool disclosed that in last night's disturbances there were 110 incidents, chiefly of window breaking. The premises attacked were mainly shops and there seemed to be a general urge to loot things of great value. The Chief Constable declared: "There were several instances of looting and more would have occurred but for preventive action taken by the police."

#### NO THREAT TO FRANCO

Washington, Aug. 5. The Foreign Policy Association reported last night that while Franco, the Spanish Generalissimo, "is galled by Spain's pariah position in world affairs, his government faces no serious or immediate threat from the outside."

The comment appeared in a survey prepared by Robert Olin, former foreign correspondent in Spain for the private research organization.—Associated Press.

Owing to the follies and indecisions of the Socialist Government, the great part of the war has been spent, not on requirements of our industry nor upon import of basic foodstuffs.

"Instead, much has been frittered away in American films and tobacco and in large quantities of foods and fruits which, however desirable as indulgences, were not indispensable to our active recovery... what can be thought of a government which has drifted on from day to day until the loan is nearly exhausted?"

"There is not one proposal that Mr. Attlee can make on Wednesday that would not have been far more effective if made a year or six months ago."

Mr. Churchill said the Government leaders had "exhausted whatever energies they had and consumed their time and thought in carrying out their party fads in choking the House of Commons with partisan legislation, in discouraging and even paralyzing business enterprise by nationalization schemes of no productive value, but which cast their threatening shadows and interferences far and wide over the whole field of British industry."

#### Five-Day Week

He sharply criticized the management of the nationalized coal mines and recent imposition of a five-day week for miners and said: "They have got to realize that a five-day week founded upon an American dollar in the shape of imports produced by the exertions of American working men is not likely to last very long unless it results in improved production."

Mr. Churchill also criticized the Government for: "Wild financial extravagance" in which the Government cost £3,000,000,000 yearly, or more than three times the pre-war budgets.

Too great expenditure on the Army and Navy "for such meagre results in fighting power."

Failure to inform the United Nations that Britain could no longer "bear the burdens of insult and injury" in Palestine.

Lending or spending abroad "without any return" more than £740,000,000 since the end of the war.—United Press.

## Death From Chlorine Tablets?

Vere Beach, Fla., Aug. 4.

The death of Thomas H. York, 34, from a chronic stomach disorder is believed to have been caused by misuse of water purification tablets during the Battle of the Bulge of World War II.

York was a captain in the 12th Field Artillery of the 2nd Infantry Division during the battle. When he came here a year ago he related he and his men were issued British water purification tablets which lacked instructions for use.

He and his men, York said, used the tablets in small quantities when each was designed to purify five gallons of water. York charged that many of the men died from the effects of the tablets and he himself was hospitalized and sent back to the United States.

York worked as a bookkeeper here and suffered periodic attacks of stomach illness which caused his death on Saturday.—United Press.

## Accused Spirited Away

Budapest, Aug. 4.

A Hungarian government communique tonight asserted that an American citizen arrested for allegedly slandering the Hungarian Republic was seized from a political police official and was driven away in an automobile bearing American licence plates.

The American, Stephan Thuranszky, was being taken from the People's Court building to political police headquarters at 60 Andrássy Street at the time of the incident, according to the communique.

"They (the political police) intended to escort Thuranszky... to political police headquarters for new interrogation."

"When Thuranszky and a detective escorting him left the court building, three strangers, two men and a woman, seized Thuranszky and pushed him into a little car bearing an American licence, waiting in front of the building. The car, with Thuranszky, the two men and the woman, drove away," the communique said.—United Press.

#### EX-PRESIDENT DEAD

Lima, Aug. 5. Jose Pardo, 83, twice President of Peru, died on Monday.—Associated Press.

## Demob Rate To Be Speeded Up

London, Aug. 4.

Without waiting for the return of Field Marshal Lord Montgomery, Chief of Imperial General Staff, the Defence Committee of the Cabinet today met to discuss urgent plans to cut Britain's armed forces.

If the plans are approved by the full Cabinet tomorrow, they will be announced by the Prime Minister in Parliament on Wednesday as part of the Government's new crisis policy.

One likely estimate is that 300,000 men will be demobilised between now and the end of the year, which would have the effect of reducing British military strength to about 1,000,000 men.

Forces in Italy, Austria, Greece and the Middle East would be chiefly affected by the cut.

Political observers believe the Government's urgent action shows its realisation that cuts in the forces have become one of the two main tests of the Government's policy in the eyes of both trade union and Labour Party left wingers. The other test is that of steel nationalisation.

Events of the past few days have indicated that the Left Wing is not likely to oppose the Government's appeal for overtime work and all-round sacrifices to meet the crisis, provided satisfaction is given on these two crucial issues.

#### Leftist Critics

While the Leftist minority within the Labour Party is far too weak to influence seriously the expected Parliamentary approval of the crisis programme, the cooperation of Leftists in the trade unions is of utmost importance to the Government, who know well that any organised opposition by a minority may be enough to foil the all-out efforts needed during the coming months.

The Government will find it more difficult to satisfy its critics on steel than on manpower.

For the time being, therefore, they will probably hold off announcing their new steel plan, waiting instead for reaction by trade union leaders to Mr. Attlee's crisis statement on Wednesday, but the course of the debate in Parliament may force them to disclose it earlier than they intended.

#### Buying Out Of Combines

Principal feature of the plan will be assumption by the Government of the directing power now vested in the Iron and Steel Federation, and the buying out of steel combines whose nationalisation is identified with "national interest."

Such a plan is bound to be regarded by extremists outside and even inside the Cabinet as a watering down of the original nationalisation.

It is therefore all the more important for the Government to show that it is determined to justify the expenditure incurred by the steel industry in the past few years.

Washington, Aug. 4. Argentina and the Irish Free State today established diplomatic relations for the first time in their histories in a simple ceremony in the Argentine Embassy.

## American Attitude To Indonesia

Washington, Aug. 5.

The State Department said today that it is giving no consideration to the possibility of recognition of the Indonesian Republic as a separate nation.

A State Department official recalled the American Government had extended "de facto" recognition to the Indonesian Republic last April.

This is the most the United States can do under such circumstances, he said, because Indonesia is not a wholly independent nation under agreements with the Dutch. "De facto" status means that the United States recognizes Indonesian Republic leaders only as authorities in the areas they hold.—Associated Press.

## Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd.

### British Traders' Insurance Co., Ltd.

### The China Fire Insurance Co., Ltd.

### North China Insurance Co., Ltd.

### The Yangtze Insurance Association, Ltd.

The undermentioned joined the Boards of Directors of the above Companies as from 17th July, 1947.

C. BLAKER, Esq. (Chairman) J. F. MACGREGOR, Esq.  
N. O. C. MARSH, Esq. M. H. TURNER, Esq.

The Directors announce the re-establishment of the Head and Registered Offices of the Companies at Union Building, Pedder Street, Hong Kong, as from 17th July 1947.

A. W. HUGHES, General Manager.

## Union Insurance Society of Canton, Ltd.

Abridged Combined Revenue Account for the year ended 31st December, 1946.

Fund at beginning of the year	£1,524,870	Claims Paid	£1,245,208
Additional Reserve	524,500	Commissions, Expenses and Provision of Taxation	1,110,218
	£2,149,370	Transfer to Profit & Loss	284,534
Premium Income after deducting Returns, etc.	3,027,334	Fund at end of year	2,011,644
	£5,176,504	Additional Reserve	524,500
			£2,536,144

## Consolidated Balance Sheet on the 31st December, 1946.

LIABILITIES	
Shareholders' Capital:—	
Authorised	200,000 Shares of £10 each £2,000,000
Issued	135,000 Shares of £10 each £1,350,000
Paid up	135,000 Shares of £10 each £8 paid £1,080,000
General Reserve	810,000
Reinsurance Fund	810,000
Exchange and Investment Fluctuation Account	600,000
Leasehold Reserve Account	387,414
Marine Fund	82,222
Fire Fund	1,730,186
Accident and General Fund	607,504
Profit and Loss Account	188,454
	301,939
	£5,507,719

Claims admitted or intimated but not paid:—	
Fire	£178,048
Accident and General	87,459
Staff Provident Fund	285,507
Unclaimed Dividends	593,147
Provisions for Taxation and other Contingencies	74,902
Sundry Creditors and Credit Balances	874,285
Provision for Dividends payable 20th May, 1947	508,343
	185,625
	£7,978,029

#### ASSETS

Mortgages on Property out of the United Kingdom	£ 11,867
Investments:—	
Deposits with the High Court, London, British Government Securities	123,082
British Government Securities	1,470,601
Dominion, Colonial and Indian Government Securities	1,305,080
Provincial Municipal	87,433
U.S.A. Government Securities	68,228
Other Foreign Government Securities	903,951
U.S.A. Railway Debentures	72,733
Other Railway Debentures	52,083
Railway Preference and Guaranteed Stocks	10,375
U.S.A. Public Utility Debentures	14,850
Other Debentures	81,077
Other Preference and Guaranteed Stocks	90,252
Shares in Marine, Fire & General Insurance Cos.	47,789
Other Ordinary Stocks and Shares	433,843
House Property—Freehold (at cost, less amounts written off)—Leasehold (—do—)	293,680
Sundry Debtors including Branch & Agency Balances	231,700
Interest and Dividends accrued but not payable	301,500
Cash:—	984,603
On Deposit	£ 205,044
On Current Account	1,131,740
	1,336,784
	£7,978,029

All figures in Sterling.

A. W. HUGHES, General Manager.

It has that real taste of Malt that nourishes and refreshes...

It gives an extra zest for work and play.

INSIST ON

# TECATE BEER

It Satisfies the Discriminating

Sole Agents:

GRAY BROTHERS

Windsor House

SAFARI



"JANE"





## CLASSIFIED ADVERTISING

20 WORDS \$2 FOR ONE  
INSERTION PREPAID. \$1  
FOR EACH ADDITIONAL  
INSERTION. ADDITIONAL  
WORDS 10 CTS. PER WORD  
PER INSERTION.

**\$2**

Replies are awaiting at our  
offices for Box Nos: 240, 255, 260,  
273, 274, 278, 283, 293, 296,  
299, 308, 310, 312, 318.

## FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Ford "10" Prefect.  
In new condition, 5400 miles in-  
sured, licensed, petrol cap lock.  
\$7000 or nearest offer. Engine  
performance above average. Box  
No. 316 "China Mail".

## POSITIONS VACANT

APPLICATIONS are invited from  
certified deck and diesel  
engineers (of foreign or  
Chinese nationality), ex-Naval  
Officers with five years or more  
experience and holding a full  
watchkeeping certificate for em-  
ployment in the Marine Depart-  
ment of the Chinese Maritime  
Customs. Particulars of contract  
may be obtained from the Office  
of the Chinese Maritime Customs,  
Marina House, Queen's Road,  
Central.

## WANTED KNOWN

PING KEE, Tailor and Dress-  
maker, 40, D'Aguiar Street  
wishes to remind his pre-war  
customers and friends that he is  
now open for business at the  
above address.

## PUBLIC AUCTION

The Undersigned have received  
instructions to sell by Public  
Auction on

Friday, the 8th August 1947  
commencing at 2.30 P.M.

at their Sales Rooms No. 35  
Hankow Road Kowloon.

## A FINE COLLECTION OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

comprising:—

Camphorwood Chests, Teak-  
wood Chest of Drawers, Ward-  
robes, Dressing Tables, Hanging  
Cupboards With Drawers Com-  
bined, Divans, Double Bedsteads,  
Dining Room Tables, Chairs,  
Sideboards, Silver Cabinets, Tea  
Pots, Chesterfield Couches Arm-  
chairs, Gramophone Records,  
Perambulators, Folding Ironing  
Board, Blackwood Chairs, Office  
Desks, Typewriters, Table Fans,  
Bed Side Tables, and Assorted  
Tables, Etc., Etc.

Also

1 Konmore Carpet Sweeper  
with Accessories  
1 Gesteiner Three Duplicator  
1 National Cash Register  
6 Oil Paintings  
1 Refrigerator  
1 Baldax Camera, Lense 1:2.9  
F-7.5 C.M.  
1 Marble Ornament (Animal)

On View From Thursday, the  
7th August 1947.

Terms: As Customary.

LAMMERT BROS.,  
Auctioneers.

## PUBLIC AUCTION

BY ORDER OF THE DIRECTOR OF DISPOSALS  
FAR EASTERN AREA (M. O. S.)

Messrs. Lammert Brothers of Pedder Building, Hong Kong, have  
received instructions to sell by Auction at their Sales Rooms,  
Pedder Building—Basement, at 10.30 a.m., on Thursday, the  
7th day of August 1947:

## A LARGE QUANTITY OF MISCELLANEOUS STORES AND VEHICLES

LOCATED AT R.A.O.C. DEPOT, SHAMSHUIPO  
Tyre Covers, Iron Beds, Old Aluminium, Old Brass, Empty  
Cartridge Cases, Old Cast Iron, Tinned and Galvanized Iron  
Wrought Iron, Steel Scrap, Old Tools and Cylinders, Old  
Canvas, Old Leather, Old Oil Skin and Webbing, Old Cotton  
and Woollen Rags, Old Blankets, Old Cable, Wire Ropes, Old  
Rubber and Tyres, Old Batteries, Box Ammo Trays, Armoured  
Water Hose, Pneumatic Wood Bore, Pneumatic Light  
Picks, Generating Set—Lister (22 H.P.) and Scrap Metal.

LOCATED AT R.A.O.C. 221 VEHICLE COY. CHATHAM ROAD,  
KOWLOON  
Chevrolet, Dodge and Ford Trucks, Heavy Utility, Ford Jeeps  
and Matchless, Norton and Ariel Motor Cycles

LOCATED AT R.E.M.E. COMBAT WORKSHOPS, QUEEN'S  
ROAD, EAST, HONG KONG  
Guillotine and Scrap Iron

LOCATED AT R.A.S.C.—CENTRAL SALES DEPOT,  
SHAMSHUIPO  
Water Sterilizing Outfits

LOCATED AT OLD SUB-ORDNANCE DEPOT, QUEEN'S ROAD,  
EAST, HONG KONG  
Portable Locomotive Boilers

Permits to view, Catalogues and Special Conditions of Sale  
etc. may be obtained from Messrs. Lammert Brothers.

Inspection of these Stores at the above mentioned Loca-  
tions can be made between the hours of 9.30 a.m. and 12 noon  
and between 2.00 p.m. and 4.00 p.m. on the 5th and 6th  
August 1947.

Terms: 50% of the Purchase Money to be paid on the Fall  
of the Hammer and the Balance to be paid on Friday, the 8th  
August 1947.

## BY ORDER OF THE LIQUIDATOR

Messrs Lammert Brothers have  
received instructions to sell by  
Public Auction  
In One Lot  
The Valuable Leasehold  
Property  
situated at  
Repulse Bay in the Colony of  
Hongkong  
and being

Rural Building Lot No. 105  
Together with the damaged  
messuage thereon known as  
"Mirador" Repulse Bay, Hong  
Kong.

on  
Thursday  
the 7th day of August 1947  
at 3 o'clock p.m.

Pedder Building, Victoria,  
Hongkong.

For further Particulars and  
Conditions of Sale  
Apply

Messrs Deacons,  
1, Des Voeux Road, Central,  
Solicitors for the Liquidator.

or to  
Messrs Lammert Brothers,  
Pedder Building, Hong-  
kong, Auctioneers.

## NOTICE

### COSMO CLUB

Members are reminded that the  
Club Dance will be held on  
Wednesday, 6 August, with the  
orchestra engaged from 9.30 to  
12.30. No reservations required  
by members and their guests,  
but those wishing to order sup-  
per must notify the Steward in  
advance.

## Beten's Beauty Salons

You can trust your personal  
Beauty Problems — your Per-  
manent Waves, Shampoo, Seta,  
Tinting, Facials, Manicure,  
Pedicure to Beten's expert  
operators (1st floor) above  
Lane Crawford's. Tel. 33161.

## LAMMERT BROS.

Auctioneers, Surveyors  
and Appraisers.

Pedder Building,  
Telephone No. 20224.

## Service Auction Rooms

Auctioneers, Surveyors, etc.  
Basement, French Bank Bldg.,  
A.E.B. de Sousa, Auctioneer  
Telephone 31867.

## THE HONGKONG & KOWLOON WHARF & GODOWN CO., LTD.

### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE is hereby given that  
the Fifty-sixth Ordinary Annual  
Meeting of the Members of this  
Company will be held at the  
Office of Messrs. Jardine,  
Matheson & Co. Ltd., on Thurs-  
day the 7th August, 1947, at  
Noon, to receive the Report of  
the Board of Directors and  
Statement of Accounts for the  
year ended 31st December,  
1946, to elect Directors and to  
appoint Auditors.

NOTICE is also given that  
the Transfer Books of the Com-  
pany will be closed from the  
24th July, 1947, to the 7th  
August, 1947, both days inclu-  
sive.

By order of the Board of  
Directors.

CHAS. E. TERRY,  
Manager and Secretary.  
Hong Kong, 10th July, 1947.

## THE HONGKONG & KOWLOON WHARF & GODOWN CO., LTD.

### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN  
that an Extraordinary General  
Meeting of the Company will be  
held at the Office of Messrs.  
Jardine, Matheson & Co. Ltd.,  
on Thursday, 7th August, 1947,  
at 12.30 p.m., or at such time as  
the Ordinary General Meeting  
to be held at the same place at  
Noon shall terminate, for the  
purpose of considering and, if  
thought fit passing the follow-  
ing Special Resolutions,  
viz:—

(1) That the Authorized  
Capital of the Company (which  
is now \$8,000,000.00 consisting  
of 160,000 shares of the  
nominal value of \$50.00 each,  
of which 90,000 shares have been  
issued), be increased to \$50,  
000,000.00 by the creation of  
\$40,000,000.00 additional shares of  
the nominal value of \$50.00 each,  
and that such shares be issued  
at such a time or times and  
upon such terms as the Com-  
pany's Board of Directors in  
their absolute discretion shall  
think fit.

(2) That Article 19 of the  
Company's Articles of Associa-  
tion be cancelled, and the follow-  
ing substituted therefor:—

"19.

Notwithstanding any of the  
provisions these Articles of  
Association no Shareholder shall  
without the sanction of the  
Directors be entitled at any time  
to be registered as the holder of  
more than one-tenth of the  
Capital of the Company issued  
for the time being. Provided  
nevertheless that the registra-  
tion of a transfer of shares  
whereby the holding of any  
Shareholder is increased beyond  
the said amount shall be con-  
clusive evidence that the sanc-  
tion of the Directors to such in-  
creased holding has been given  
but shall not be evidence that  
the Directors have sanctioned  
any further increase by such  
Shareholder in his holding."

NOTICE IS ALSO GIVEN  
that if the above resolution No.  
(1) is duly passed as a Special  
Resolution, it is the intention  
of the Board of Directors in ac-  
cordance with the terms of the  
Special Resolutions passed on  
the 7th day of March, 1935, to  
offer as soon as possible after  
the 7th day of August, 1947,  
70,000 new shares of the nomi-  
nal value of \$50.00 each, being  
the present unissued Capital of  
the Company, together with an  
additional 20,000 new shares of  
the nominal value of \$50.00 each  
in accordance with the terms of  
the above Resolution, making a  
total of 90,000 new shares of  
the nominal value of \$50.00  
each, to the persons who on the  
7th day of August, 1947, are  
registered in the Company's  
Share Register as the holders of  
the 90,000 issued shares in the  
Capital of the Company;  
the proportion of one new share  
for each share held by them respec-  
tively, at a premium of \$50.00 per share,  
and to propose the following  
Special Resolution:—

(3) That the aforesaid 90,000  
new shares shall be issued  
subject to the following condi-  
tions:—  
(i) The amount due for  
such new shares shall be pay-  
able as follows:—  
(a) On acceptance of the  
offer, \$50.00 per share, being  
half the nominal value of \$50.00  
per share, shall be paid in full  
on the 7th day of August, 1947,  
or on such other date as the Board  
of Directors may determine.

(b) The balance of \$50.00 per  
share shall be paid in full on the  
7th day of August, 1947, or on  
such other date as the Board of  
Directors may determine.

(c) On acceptance of the  
offer, \$50.00 per share, being  
half the nominal value of \$50.00  
per share, shall be paid in full  
on the 7th day of August, 1947,  
or on such other date as the Board  
of Directors may determine.

By ORDER OF THE BOARD  
OF DIRECTORS

CHAS. E. TERRY,  
Manager and Secretary.  
Hong Kong, 10th July, 1947.

# "Dangerous Trojan Horse Filled With Tinned Goods"

London, Aug. 4.  
M. Strumilin, who signed himself "an old Russian economist who has been working on questions of planning," said in a cabled letter from Moscow to The Times today that the Soviet Union balked at the Marshall aid for Europe plan because it infringed on the nations' sovereignty.

He upbraided the authoritative and influential Times for failing "to give a full and objective account of Soviet policy."

The Times replied to the charges in a footnote: "The suggestion that Soviet arguments in Paris were inadequately reported in The Times is entirely false. Speeches by Mr. Bevin, M. Bidault and M. Molotov had to be equally condensed for reasons of space but none of M. Molotov's main points was omitted and our special correspondent based himself throughout on the 'fully authentic information' to which M. Strumilin refers."

## Trojan Horse

Strumilin, a member of the Academy of Sciences in Moscow, wrote that domestic products in nations accepting American aid would be "obliged to step respec-  
tively aside to make way for American goods."

He asked: "Whence will they get the means to pay for excess imports of commodities? From their own exports? But how, if all foreign markets will be under the control of Uncle Sam? Now loans from the same Uncle Sam would not lead to complete hopelessness, economic and, at the same time, political enslavement of these countries by their creditors? 'Looking to the tried shield of planned economy for protection from the misfortunes of crisis, the new democracies are quite naturally not inclined to admit the dangerous Trojan Horse into their planned fortresses even if it may hide not troops or destructive atom bombs but only bags of American tinned goods.'—United Press.

—the balance of \$50.00 per share, being the remaining half of the nominal value plus the remaining half of the premium.

(c) Payment of the sum of \$50.00 per share on acceptance of the offer shall be deemed to be the first call on such shares, and the balance of \$50.00 per share shall be deemed to be the balance payable within the meaning of Articles 34 to 43 of the Company's Articles of Association.

(ii) Subject to payments being made on the due dates, such new shares shall rank as partly paid shares from 1st January, 1948, and as fully paid shares from 1st July, 1948, participating in dividend for the period 1st January, 1948, to 31st June, 1948, to the extent of one quarter, and for the period 1st July, 1948, to 31st December, 1948, to the extent of one half the amount declared for existing shares in respect of the year 1948, and thereafter ranking for dividend and in all other respects pari passu with the existing shares of the Company.

(iii) That where the share-  
holder so desires, the full sum of \$100.00 per share may be paid up on acceptance of the offer, and in such event, any shares on which the full sum shall have been paid up shall rank for dividend and in all other respects pari passu with the existing shares of the Company as from 1st January, 1948."

The offer will be made by  
Notice sent by post to each  
shareholder, specifying the  
number of shares to which the  
shareholder is entitled, and such  
offer, if not accepted either on  
behalf of such shareholder or  
his nominee on or before 31st  
December, 1947, will be deemed  
to be declined.

Any of the shares which shall  
not be taken up by the Com-  
pany's Shareholders in manner  
aforesaid shall be disposed of in  
such manner and at such time  
and upon such terms as the  
Company's Directors shall in  
their absolute discretion see  
fit.

By ORDER OF THE BOARD  
OF DIRECTORS

CHAS. E. TERRY,  
Manager and Secretary.  
Hong Kong, 10th July, 1947.

## Death Leap From Gallery

PARIS, AUG. 5.  
A HORRIFIED AUDIENCE AT  
THE OPERA COMIQUE IN  
PARIS WITNESSED THE SUI-  
CIDE ATTEMPT OF A 35  
YEARS OLD RUMANIAN  
SURGEON, JOSEPH BULOW,  
WHO THREW HIMSELF DOWN  
FROM THE UPPER GALLERY  
JUST AS THE HOUSE LIGHTS  
WERE DIMMING FOR THE  
THIRD ACT OF BIZET'S  
"PEARL DIVER."

After his fall, which was  
broken by the balcony, he was  
rushed off to hospital, murmuring  
to his would-be saviours, "Let me  
die. Let me die!"

Before his jump Dr. Bulow had  
written letters to President  
Truman, Marshal Stalin, the  
Rumanian Prime Minister, and a  
French newspaper.

In his letter to the paper Dr.  
Bulow said that he had escaped  
from his country secretly, leaving  
behind his wife and small  
daughter, who were unable to  
join him in France. "Life with-  
out them means nothing to me,"  
he wrote, adding "When you read  
this I shall be dead."

The other letters contained  
pleas that his family be allowed  
to leave Rumania legally, and  
come to Paris.

The Rumanian Legation in  
Paris disclaimed any knowledge of  
him.—Our Own Correspondent.

## His Hong Kong Wife Was A Myth

New York, Aug. 4.  
Harold Hirschberg testified at his court martial to-  
day that he created the myth that he had a  
Japanese wife so that he would not be shot by  
his Japanese captors.

## Britain Accused By Jews!

Genova, Aug. 4.  
Charges that Britain was re-  
sponsible for the death of  
thousands of Jews by prevent-  
ing their escape from Hitler  
Europe to Palestine were made  
to the chairman of UNSCOP by  
a joint memorandum of com-  
mittees representing Jewish re-  
fugee committees.

The memo from the central  
committees of liberated Jews in  
the United States, French and  
British occupied zones in Ger-  
many and Austria as well as the  
organization of Jewish refugees  
in Italy charged that "little has  
been done by the democratic  
world to rehabilitate the sur-  
vivors of Hitler's massacre."

"No country in the world is  
able or willing to protect us.  
The fact is that the disaster  
which befell European Jewry  
reached such dimensions that it  
only can be ascribed to the  
homelessness of our people. We  
are convinced that if the man-  
datory power fulfilled its obliga-  
tions of further establishment  
of a Jewish national home by  
facilitating immigration and  
colonization, tens of thousands  
of our dear ones could have  
escaped from the hell of Fascist  
Europe." The memorandum said.—United Press.

## ROYAL FAMILY AT THEATRE

London, Aug. 4.  
On the occasion of the birth-  
day of Her Majesty Queen  
Elizabeth, the Royal Family and  
Leut. Philip Mountbatten went  
to the theatre tonight to see the  
American musical comedy  
"Cabin for Two."

## Barclay's Bank Raided: Clerk Killed

Jerusalem, Aug. 4.  
Eight armed Jews, including a woman, shot and  
killed a bank clerk who chased them after they  
had raided Barclay's Bank, Haifa, today.  
They made off with more than \$1,000.  
The raiders stormed the bank at gun point and  
held up the staff while they stole the money  
from the cashier's table.

They failed to enter the strong  
room because the manager re-  
fused to hand over the keys.  
This was the only terrorist in-  
cident reported up to early this  
evening, 24 hours after the ter-  
rorist organization Irgun Zvai  
Leumi, killers of the two British  
sergeants found hanged last week,  
had broadcast a warning that  
seven more British soldiers were  
scheduled for the gallows.

Meanwhile British troops have  
started to blow up houses suspec-  
ted of hiding terrorists.

The first Jewish house to be  
demolished was a suspected ter-  
rorist lair, and the arsenal was  
blown up by British Sappers, in  
the Jewish industrial suburbs of  
Givat Shaul, on the outskirts of  
Jerusalem, shortly before dusk.

It was a one-story brick and  
lumber shack.

No Incidents  
Sappers laid an explosive charge  
of 40 pounds of ammonal in a  
pit in which arms and ammuni-  
tion were discovered.

When a Sapper pressed a plun-  
ger the building disintegrated  
with a shattering roar, but sur-  
prisingly few windows were  
broken in the houses around.

Scots Guards took up defen-  
sive positions around Givat Shaul  
as the Sappers prepared their  
blow.

There were no demonstrations  
or incidents.

Meanwhile a petition was made  
in the Palestine Supreme Court  
here on behalf of the parents of  
a missing Jew, Alexander  
Rubowitz, calling on four Britons  
to show cause why they should  
not produce his body in court.

Major Farran  
One of the Britons named, Ma-  
jor Roy Alexander Farran, 23-  
year old Commando is now un-  
der arrest by the British Army  
in connection with Rubowitz's dis-  
appearance on May 6. Hearing of  
the petition was fixed for Thurs-  
day.

The others mentioned are: In-  
spector-General of the Palestine  
Police, W. N. Gray and two  
senior police officers, Brigadier  
Bernard Fergusson and Superin-  
tendent George Haddingham.

Military authorities have al-  
ready completed the summary of  
evidence in the Rubowitz case. A  
statement is expected soon on  
whether, or not Farran will face  
a court-martial.

Rubowitz was said to have been  
a member of the terrorist Stern  
Gang and was last seen being  
driven off in a car into which he  
was said to have been forced.—  
Reuter.

High Policy Talks  
Paris, Aug. 4.  
William Clayton, U.S. Under-  
Secretary of State for Economic  
Affairs, arrived here today  
from Geneva for a three day  
conference with Lewis Douglas,  
Ambassador to London, and  
Jefferson Caffery, Ambassador  
to Paris.

Clayton went directly to the  
same hotel where Douglas, who  
arrived yesterday from London,  
is staying.

An American Embassy spokes-  
man said that talks will be on  
a "high policy level."—United  
Press.

## Call for PHILIP MORRIS

America's  
FINEST  
Cigarette

FINER-  
TASTING

FINER  
In  
EVERY WAY

SOLE DISTRIBUTORS  
E. OTT & CO., LTD.

100, Queen's Road, Central, Hong Kong

100, Queen's Road, Central, Hong Kong

100, Queen's Road, Central, Hong Kong

100, Queen's Road, Central, Hong Kong

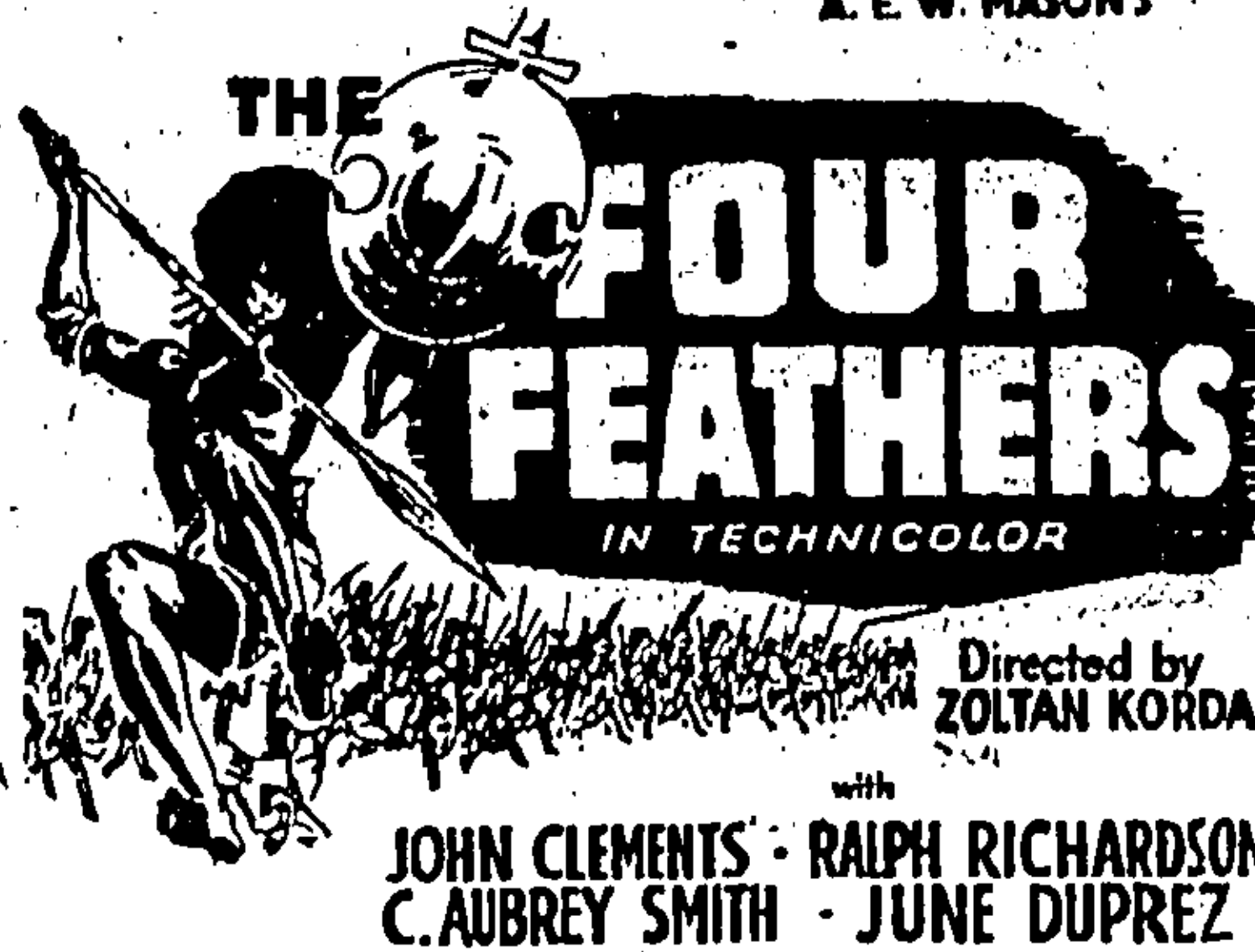


SHOWING  
TO-DAY  
**QUEEN'S**  
ENTIRE NEW PRINT!

AT 2.30, 5.15,  
7.15 & 9.15 P.M.

**ALEXANDER KORDA**  
presents his mightiest spectacle

A. E. W. MASON'S



ONLY  
TO-DAY  
**LINKS**  
AIR-CONDITIONED  
SPECIAL TIMES: 2.30, 5.00, 7.20 & 9.40 P.M.

**VAN JOHNSON**  
**JUDY GARLAND**  
**FRANK SINATRA**  
**JUNE ALLYSON**  
**ROBERT WALKER**  
**KATHRYN GRAYSON**  
**VAN HEFLIN**  
**DINAH SHORE**

**TILL THE CLOUDS ROLL BY**  
THE ROMANTIC LOVE-AND-SONG STORY OF BEING IN LOVE  
Lucille BREMER Lena HORNE  
Angela LANSDOWN Tony MARTIN  
Virginia O'BRIEN

**ORIENTAL**  
FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY  
2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.  
A ROMANTIC-DRAMA WITH PLENTY OF ACTION!

**GREAT SEQUEL TO "LASSIE COME HOME"**  
**SON OF LASSIE**  
IN TECHNICOLOR  
Peter LAWFORD  
Donald CRISP

COMMENCING TO-MORROW  
"SPITFIRE"

**Cathay**  
ONE OF THE YEAR'S MOST ARTISTIC  
AND UNUSUAL OFFERING!

**Jennifer Jones**  
**Joseph Cotten**  
"Hal Wallis" presents  
**Love Letters**

**NEXT CHANGE**  
Douglas FAIRBANKS \* Merle OBERON in  
**"THE PRIVATE LIFE OF DON JOAN"**  
Directed by Sir Alexander KORDA

SHOWING  
TO-DAY  
**MAJESTIC**  
SPECIAL TIMES  
1.00, 3.45, 6.30 & 9.15 P.M.

FIRST TIME AT POPULAR PRICES!

**FOR WHOM THE BELL TOLLS**  
DON'T MISS YOUR GOOD CHANCE  
Come to KWONG KWONG STUDIO & CO  
100, 3.45, 6.30 & 9.15 P.M.

**POP**  
HES GOT NO MANNERS!  
HE WONT EVER WAIT  
AND LET ME GO OVER  
FIRST!

## NEW CONTROLS IN C. OF E. UNDER REVIEW

A statement on the recent changes in the Church of England in Hong Kong, under which the Archbishop of Canterbury has relinquished his final authority over the bishopric and diocese of Hong Kong and South China, is contained in the latest issue of "St. John's Review."

The Review writes:—"Henceforth the Bishop will be no longer a Colonial Bishop, but will be elected by the Synod of this diocese and the Synod of the CHSKH. People may ask why the step has been taken and what its consequences will be. This is an attempt to answer these questions.

"Almost a hundred years ago, a young man sat in Fleet Street writing to the Bishop of London as follows: 'I take the liberty to trouble you with a few lines in reference to the proposed Bishopric of Victoria.' The writer was Mr. J. C. Sharpe, who with his sister Lady Smart gave the first £21,000 towards an endowment to the Bishop. (This was increased by gifts from the S.P.G. and the S.P.C.K. and finally merged in an endowment under the Colonial Bishopric Fund).

"The project for the establishment of a bishopric in Hong Kong bore fruit in 1850 when Bishop Smith, with letters patent from the Queen, arrived in the Colony on Good Friday. (Letters patent to the Bishops of Hong Kong were revoked in 1872, from which date the Bishops relinquished their connection with the State, and became purely ecclesiastical officials).

"The expansion of the church follows a pattern which is recognizable throughout its history and has some analogy with the growth of a living organism. When the living cell reaches maturity it divides, and the result is two complete cells where formerly there was only one. In this manner the Church of England has spread in the past 150 years into most parts of the inhabited world. We may describe the stages as follows. First the lay evangelist, then the independent missionary, and clergy and workers sent from the missionary society. Next, as the work of evangelism bears fruit, baptised people seek confirmation and ordination. A Bishop is then needed to be consecrated and sent

from the home base. Then follows a period of acclimatization and consolidation, before the final stage of independence is reached. We have to be ready to recognise and welcome each successive stage as it comes in the church with which we are connected.

**Foundation**  
"The Anglican Church in China, founded first by missionaries not only from the Church of England, but also from branches of the mother church established in America and Canada, attained its majority in 1912, and became an independent province of China. Similar steps were taken at varying times elsewhere. Self-government came to the 'Church of England in Australia,' 'the Church of the province of New Zealand,' 'the Church in West India,' 'the Church in the province of South Africa,' and so on. The titles differ slightly but the Constitutions and Canons of each church make it clear that they all adhere to the fundamental worship and order of the mother church of England.

"It should be recalled that the Anglican system of church organisation is federal, not papal or patriarchal. The young churches recognise the See of Canterbury as the senior bishopric, but their relation to it is not hierarchical as in the Roman Church. Archbishops of Canterbury have resisted the attempt to regard the Lambeth Conference as an ecumenical synod giving directions and orders to the several independent provinces—the 'National' or 'Constituent' or 'Regional' churches, as they are variously called.

"Lambeth has been wise in realising that if the new churches are to become rooted and naturalised in other lands, they should not be made to conform too rigidly in every detail to one pattern. As Article XXXIV of the English Prayer Book says: 'It is not necessary that Traditions and Ceremonies be in all places one, and utterly alike: For at all times they have been diverse, and may be changed according to the diversities of countries, times, and men's manners, so that nothing be ordained against God's Word.'

"It is not denied that there are some differences, but these are slight. After a series of law suits to determine whether the new Church of the province of South Africa was really the Church of England in that place the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council ruled (Grahamstown case, 1882). 'In England the Standard is the Formularies of the church as judicially interpreted. In South Africa it is the Formularies as they may be construed without interpretation.'

**Mother Church**  
"The mother church and the daughter church have the same standards of faith and doctrine, but the Church in England is bound by the interpretation set upon these standards by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, and the daughter churches are not so bound. The Preamble to the Constitution and Canons of the Anglican Church in China should be reassuring to any who may think that the daughter churches wish to depart from the fundamental faith and practice of the mother church.

"Since 1912 when the CHSKH became independent, the Bishop of Hong Kong has been in an anomalous position of owing final allegiance to two provinces, and to two metropolitan bishops. The Archbishop of Canterbury has now taken the step of relinquishing his final authority over the bishopric of Hong Kong and South China.

"The Bishop of Hong Kong still remains a member of the Lambeth Conference, and that conference still speaks with its former authority to the Chinese Churches and all its other constituent churches. But our Bishop will now be chosen by the Diocese and CHSKH synod. In this election the English speaking churches will have a share. 'It may have occurred to some

## BLOW STRUCK AT BUTTER BLACK-MARKET

Exemplary fines were imposed by Mr. W. A. Blair-Kerr at Kowloon yesterday on two butter black-marketiers caught by S.T. & I. Inspectors selling at prices ranging from \$3.80 to \$5 per pound.

The Hop Fung Co., 152 Woon-sung Street, referred to by Mr. Pitman as "a very large corner store," was fined \$325 for overcharging \$1.60 on a 1-lb. tin while the Sing Chow Cafe of 181 Polho Street was fined the sum of \$425 for selling 1-lb. fresh butter for \$5 against the controlled price of \$2.20.

The Hop Fung Co. said Mr. Pitman was fined \$200 on July 18 for profiteering on a cake of "Cashmere" soap. It was a very large shop doing an extensive business.

After commenting on the "gross overcharge on an essential commodity," His Worship asked defendant whether the butter was obtained from the Dairy Farm. On receiving an affirmative reply, His Worship, addressing Mr. Pitman, said, "I thought butter was strictly rationed out by the Dairy Farm."

"The Dairy Farm," replied Mr. Pitman, "cooperates with the S.T. & I. The shop people usually send a whole crowd of their folks to the Dairy Farm and so accumulate quite a substantial stock for re-sale."

When Wong Chia-man, manager of the Sing Chow Cafe, pleaded that he bought the butter from street hawkers at \$4.50 per lb., His Worship remarked, "That shows that you are a real black-marketier as you are prepared to go to the black-market and pay their price to re-sell at an even higher price."

**Warning**  
Mr. Pitman drew His Worship's attention to a recent warning he issued in another Court against the purchase of loose butter from street hawkers. In many cases, he said, what goes for butter is in reality tinned margarine wrapped under butter labels.

Other summonses dealt with by Mr. Blair-Kerr were: Ping Kee Grocery Store, 216 Shanghai Street, for selling a tin of "Sunshine" milk powder for \$2.00 (\$1.45) was fined \$300 plus \$25 for no price tag. Mr. Pitman informed the Court that the S.T. & I. Inspectors had to call in the Police before Wu Ping would furnish them with his name.

Ming Fat, 102 Prince Edward Road, was fined \$40 for selling a 2-oz. jar of "Bonex" for \$1.20.

that the English speaking churches here might in some way remain under the final authority of the province of Canterbury, while the Chinese speaking churches here are under the jurisdiction of the Chinese Province. This would be very unsatisfactory on a number of grounds. A recognition of racial and ecclesiastical plurality is not likely to be acceptable to Lambeth.

**Differences**  
"A situation developed as far back as 1870 in India where in view of racial and language differences, the church was organized in two congregations. It was proposed to appoint 'sectional bishops'—that is, bishops who should govern one portion of the clergy in a certain district, and not another portion. This project was defeated, and Lambeth Conference laid down in 1878 'that there are manifest objections to the appointment of a bishop to minister to certain congregations within the diocese of another bishop and wholly independent of him.'

"In 1897 and again in 1908 the principle was reaffirmed. 'Two bishops of the Anglican communion may not exercise jurisdiction in the same place. All races and peoples, whatever their language or conditions, must be welded into one Body, and the organization of different racial living side by side into separate or independent churches on the basis of race or colour is inconsistent with the vital and essential principle of The Unity of Christ's Church.'

**ALHAMBRA & CENTRAL**  
DAILY AT 2.30 5.00 7.00 & 9.15 P.M.  
DAILY AT 2.30 5.00 7.00 & 9.15 P.M.  
FINAL SHOWING TO-DAY

**CAUGHT IN THE RIP-TIDE OF LOVE....**  
embracing the man who had shamed her!

**This Love of Ours**  
starting  
**MERLE OBERON, CLAUDE RAINS, CHARLES KORVIN**  
with CARL ESMOND • SUE ENGLAND • JESS BARKER  
RALPH MORGAN • FRITZ LEIBER • HARRY DAVENPORT  
Directed by WILLIAM DIETERLE

**OPENING TO-MORROW**  
Tops the Thrills and threats of 'The Maltese Falcon'  
**Three Strangers**  
SYDNEY GREENSTREET  
GERALDINE FITZGERALD  
PETER LORRE  
WARNER amash!!!  
Directed by JEAN NEQUESSO

**Lee Theatre**  
ADVANCE BOOKING OFFICE  
ST. FRANCIS HOTEL, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL  
Booking Hours: 11.00 a.m. to 5.30 p.m. Daily  
Last four shows today at 2.30—5.15—7.30—9.30 p.m.

**BREWSTER'S MILLIONS**  
DENNIS O'KEEFE  
HELEN WALKER  
JUNE HAVOC  
EDDIE ROCHSTER ANDERSON  
GAIL PATRICK  
MISCHA AUER  
HE HAD \$1,000,000 TO SPEND...  
A MILLION GALS TO SPEND IT ON...  
and Almost Went Whacky Doing It!  
Directed by ALAN CRAN  
Released Thru United Artists

TO-MORROW  
BARBARA STANWYCK in HUNT STROMBERG'S  
"LADY OF BURLESQUE"

**QUINCY FLEET CLUB THEATRE**  
COMBINED SERVICES ENTERTAINMENT  
The Quintessence  
**BEVUE**  
**OUT AND ABOUT**  
BEN CADLEY TRIO  
CLARKSON / CAMPBELL  
L / LESLIE / JEANETTE  
TONIGHT AT 7.30 P.M.  
BOOKING HOURS—3.30 P.M. to 5.30 P.M.  
TELEPHONE 3380  
THE BOOKINGS MUST BE CLAIMED BY 7.00 P.M.





**NEXT FLIGHT:**

HONG KONG TO MANILA ..... Wednesday, 6th August  
HONG KONG TO BANGKOK ..... Friday, 8th August  
HONG KONG TO MANILA ..... 8th and 9th August  
HONG KONG TO BANGKOK ..... Tuesday, 12th August

For Passage and Freight apply to:—

**SOUTH EAST ASIA TRADING CO. (SIAM) Ltd.**

69, Connaught Road West. Tel. 24292.

or **FAR EAST AVIATION CO., LTD.**

Top Floor, National City Bank of N.Y. Bldg. Tel. 27250.  
(Entrance on Duddell Street).



**NEXT AIRCRAFT LEAVING**  
AUGUST 6th

SEATS AVAILABLE FOR SAIGON, CAIRO, TUNIS, ROME, CASABLANCA, TANGIERS, PARIS, LONDON, GENEVA, COPENHAGEN, OSLO, STOCKHOLM AND VARIOUS OTHER CENTRES THROUGHOUT EUROPE

THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED TO  
NEW YORK, RIO DE JANEIRO, AND BUENOS AIRES

**FARES**

SAIGON	HKS 452.75	PARIS	HKS3,010.00
CAIRO	HKS2,258.80	NEW YORK	HKS4,390.00
ROME	HKS2,815.00	RIO DE JANEIRO	HKS4,857.00

**FREIGHT ACCEPTED TO ALL DESTINATIONS**

For Particulars Apply To

**CIE DES MESSEGERIES MARITIMES**

Queen's Building Tel. 26631 (three lines).

*Philippine Air Lines, Inc.*

---

**SKYMASTER SERVICE**

Hong Kong to San Francisco via  
Manila and Honolulu  
Leaving Hong Kong 6th August  
Arriving San Francisco 8th August

Hong Kong to Shanghai,  
8th August

MAIN BOOKING OFFICE:  
PENINSULA HOTEL LOBBY,  
Tel. 59250 & 59261-EX. 22

HONG KONG OFFICE:  
5th floor, Pedder Building  
Telephone 22613. Chinese Dept. 23728.



**SERVICE FOR PASSENGER & FREIGHT**  
**NEW TARIFF FROM DATE**

**HONGKONG TO (FARE)**

AMOI	Tues., Thurs. & Sat.	HKS180.
CHUNGKING	Sun.	300.
KUNMING	Tues. & Thurs.	400.
LIUCHOW	Tues. & Thurs.	200.
SHANGHAI	Tues., Thurs. & Sat.	350.
ALL VIA CANTON		35.

Special low rate for Baggage & Freight  
**FREE BAGGAGE ALLOWANCE 30 Kilos**

**OFFICES:**

<b>HONGKONG:</b> Shell House Tel. 23771-2781	<b>KOWLOON:</b> Peninsula Hotel Lobby Tel. 26631
--	---

**CHINA MAIL**

Windsor House

Managing Editor: W. J. Keston.

Business Manager: W. H. Nolloth.

Telephones:

Editors: 24354

Reporters & General Office: 32312  
(four lines)

**Subscription Rates:**

3 months	H.K.\$18.00
6 months	H.K.\$30.00
One year	H.K.\$72.00

**THE SMUGGLING FACTS**

The report that the Chinese Government is sending five investigators to Hong Kong to inquire into the high volume of wolfram exports from the Colony fits neatly into place with the general campaign intended to hold up Hong Kong as an infamous base for smuggling in and out of China. Too much is expected if we are asked to believe that those who are "outraged" by the traffic are not fully conversant with the nature of the problem. Or that they are not equally well aware that if, instead of endeavouring to divert attention from the real culprits by laying responsibility at the door of British shipping, an effort was made to tackle the smuggling from the proper end, the enterprise would soon become far too risky to survive on any disturbing scale. That various kinds of goods and materials are brought into Hong Kong or, moving in the other direction, are taken into China from Hong Kong in smuggling operations, is an accepted fact. Under trading conditions today, particularly the restrictive measures of the Chinese Government, it could hardly be otherwise. But the volume of the traffic, contrary to popular belief, is remarkable inasmuch as it is so limited rather than for its magnitude. This state of affairs is no small measure due to the vigilance of the Hong Kong authorities actuated by goodwill in a friendly effort to cooperate with the Chinese Government in suppressing smuggling activities. Numerous incidents along the border, police and Commando clashes with armed operators, and such events as the seizure of 35 tons of unmanifested cargo aboard the *Shanghai* last week, attest to the importance attached in the Colony to such prevention. That some cargoes get through, as in the case of the *Fatshan*, is a tribute to the resourcefulness of the operators; but not a satisfactory pretext for reviving political agitation against Hong Kong, or whipping up a case against British shipping interests with an all too obvious ulterior motive. A Chinese ship, of course, could not possibly be involved in such incidents! Apart from that, it is significant to note that the *S.S. Sinkiang* was bound direct for Amoy, and undoubtedly there was every intention of landing the cargo seized by our preventive officers at that port. Anyone acquainted with the harbour of Amoy could scarcely avoid realisation that 35 tons of cargo could not be put ashore there without coming under the eyes of the Chinese Maritime Customs: from which the inference is plain. The wolfram grievance—expressed in the proposed investigation—is an even more flagrant evasion of the issue. Only a fortnight ago, the "Far East Economic Review" carried a long circumstantial account of the transportation of wolfram from Kwangsi and Kwangtung to Hong Kong, with the connivance of the military authorities, who provided relays of military guards to ensure a safe passage, and also, it was alleged, with the "full knowledge and assistance of officials of the National Resources Commission, which is supposed to have monopoly rights of purchase and disposal at fixed prices. Whether the details were accurate in all respects, we are unable to guarantee. But the accusations were direct and they covered a considerable amount of ground, and a lot of people. Nanking's team of investigators start at this wrong point: if they conduct their inquiries in Hong Kong, we have, of course, come to expect these persistent attempts to divert attention from the character of the villainous setting China's economy a charge without the slightest foundation. But it is not pleasant, the less so

**General MacArthur Anxious To Lay Down His Job?**

**SURVEY IN THE PACIFIC**  
By Arthur Morley

Not a word passed the lips of Field Marshal Montgomery, Chief of the Imperial General Staff, regarding Australia's place in Imperial strategy although "Monty" had devoted two conferences (in Canberra and Melbourne) to this matter. His aides kept interviewers at arms' length, and Montgomery himself evaded awkward questions at the rare group press conferences.

Apart from this silence, the Australian tour was a tremendous success. In Melbourne, he was almost mobbed by admirers. "Melbourne is the hardest town to enter of any I ever took," Montgomery sighed, after police had been forced to throw their weight against the struggling crowds.

In Hobart, he chatted a while with old schoolmates, one of whom recalled one incident. Montgomery thought was better forgotten.

"He remembered," Montgomery said, "that as a child I had roasted sparrows over a gas cooker. When I asked him if he wasn't making a mistake, he replied that I had been the ringleader in the adventure—that the idea was mine."

Another personal revelation was that teetotaler and non-smoker Montgomery had no strong objections to these minor vices. "I just don't like the taste of tobacco and liquor," he explained.

Best quip of the week: "Australia is the country with fewest people to the square mile and most speeches to the square meal."

**CONFERENCE:** South Africa intends sending a representative of ministerial rank to the British Commonwealth conference in Canberra. Officially, the conference business will be confined to creation of a united British viewpoint on what should constitute the peace terms to be imposed upon Japan at the Allied Pacific Peace Conference.

In actual fact, the Canberra conference will consider many matters of common interest to the United Kingdom and the Dominions. Subject likely to crop up is the proposal by Australian Opposition Leader, Mr. R. G. Menzies, that the Dominions get together in advancing Britain 400,000,000 worth of goods to help her over her present economic difficulties. Menzies' suggestion, which has won wide attention and approval here, is that the 400,000,000 worth of foodstuffs and raw materials, should be regarded as an interest-free loan, to be repaid in fifty years.

Only outside reaction, so far, has come from the Canadian Government, which considers that assistance to Britain can best be left to individual agreements between the Dominion Governments and Downing Street.

**DIPLOMATIC TROUBLE?**

Washington cables this week hinted at trouble to come between America and the British Commonwealth over treatment to be handed out to Japan at the Peace Conference. American policy was to help Japan back to her feet; Australian policy (probably to be supported by the remainder of the Commonwealth) was to keep Japan permanently demilitarised and relatively weak.

Washington, apparently, wanted Japan as a buffer state against any other Eastern aggressor; Australia considered Japan to be the most likely future aggressor.

Off to Tokyo this week went Australian Foreign Minister Doctor H. V. Evatt to discuss the situation with General MacArthur and American political authorities. He wanted to eliminate possible causes of friction in advance, as well as disagreement.

Note: It is highly unlikely that Australia will go so far as to risk alienating American sympathies. Australia's defence plans are based on the assumption that the United States will actively assist in any future Pacific war.

**NEW DEMOCRACY:** Up in Tokyo, meanwhile, the Japanese experiment in democracy was carried a stage further. For the first time in their history, the Japanese people received from their Government a frank report on their economic situation.

The long (40,000 words) White Paper provided them with painful reading. Chief points were that the Japanese nation was suffering from shortage of 4,000,000 homes; commodity prices had increased 7,000 per cent as compared with pre-war; the current budget could not be balanced; the nation was unable to find the machinery, raw materials and food necessary for her recovery.

The White Paper gave emphasis to news which has reached Canberra in recent weeks—that General MacArthur is urgently seeking release from his assignment as head of the occupation forces. He is reported to feel that the Japanese situation will rapidly deteriorate from now on, to the point

where his reputation will suffer severely.

**OLD FEUDS:** The Chinese picture this week was even gloomier. Transport, industry, and commerce were even more hopelessly disorganised; inflation brought near-starvation to hundreds of millions; the Chinese Communist forces continued to undermine the unstable Central Government of Chiang Kai-shek.

General Hsueh Shih-hui, Chinese supreme commander in Manchuria, charged Russia with supplying Chinese Communist armies with ammunition and reinforcements through Korea, Siberia and Outer Mongolia.

European diplomats, who considered that a stable China was necessary to the restoration of order in Asia, were entitled to raise their hands in horror.

**COMFORTS OF LIFE:** Out in the Pacific, south-east from struggling China, life continued to be pleasant on the sun-drenched islands of Noumea and Fiji. Big topics of conversation for Noumeans this week were cauliflowers and strawberries. In Fiji the talk tended to centre on celery, during the week, a 3,600 miles fruit and vegetable delivery system was begun from Sydney, using converted Sunderland flying boats.

Trans-oceanic Airways delivered the first load of fresh strawberries and cauliflowers to Noumea and the first celery to Fiji. In a few months, the company expects to have six Sunderlands in the service.

**NEW PEARLS:** Life seemed good also to men working off the north-west coast of Australia, in the eastern waters of the Indian Ocean. The pearl beds there were being opened up this week, for the first time since the war began.

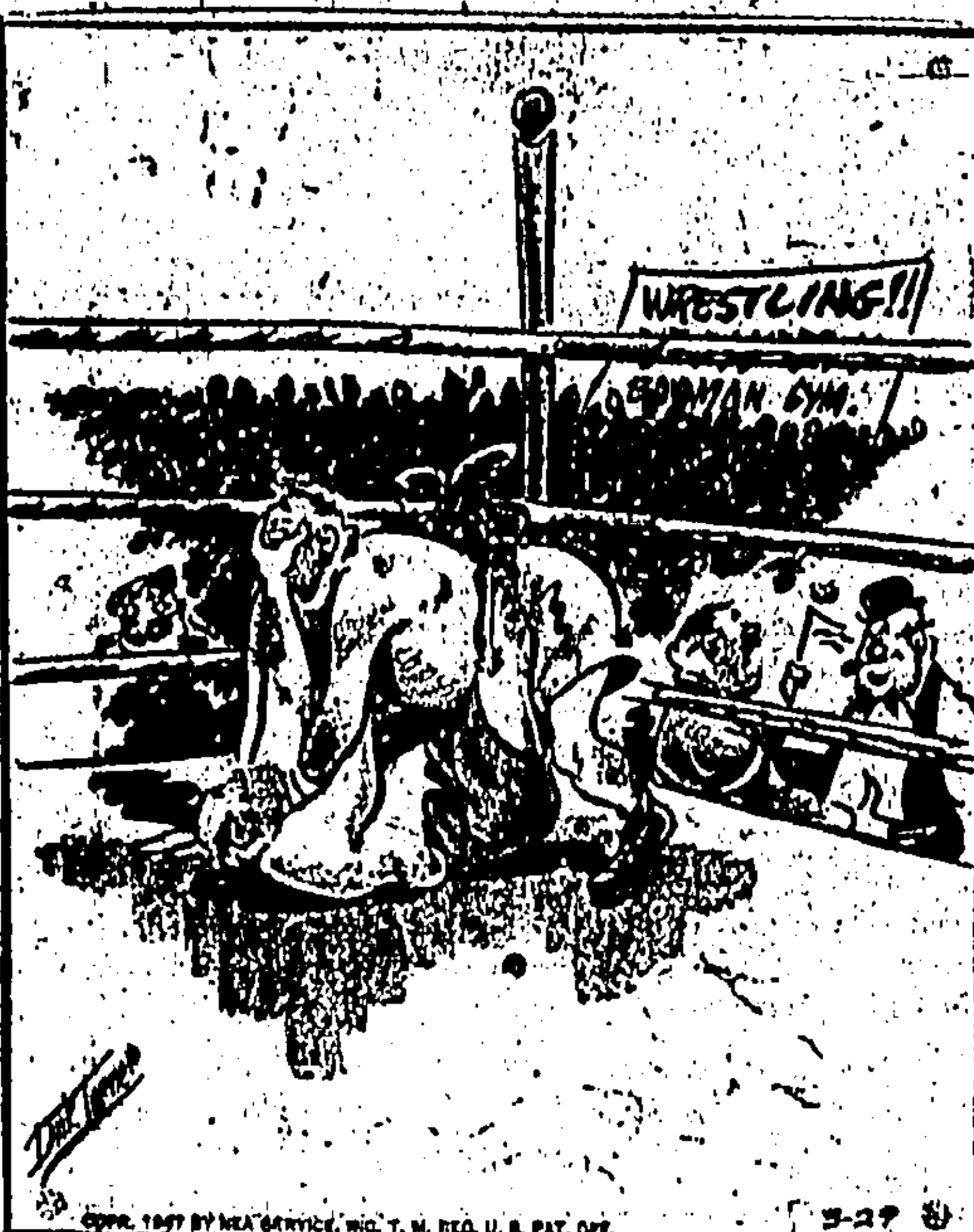
As the first shipment of mother-of-pearl (pearl-bearing shells) was loaded from Broome, it was clear that the pearl oyster had benefited from their long, undisturbed rest. Twenty five tons of shell were valued at £15,000—indicating a great increase in quality as compared with pre-war.

And five pearls, totalling 370 grains, were found in a single shell.

**NEW INDUSTRY:** Australian industry came up with a new trick this week. Leather merchants were offering handbags made of duck skin. Just the skin of an ordinary duck, carefully removed and tanned.

A national conference of poultrymen at Adelaide examined the new products and pronounced themselves satisfied that a new industry had been born. Fashion experts pronounced the bags "winners."

**CARNIVAL** By Dick Turner



"They're not following the script at all—they're ad libbing!"

**BARCLAY ON BRIDGE**  
By Shepard Barclay  
"The Authority on Authority"

**SOME ARE READABLE**

IF ONE of your opponents, particularly a non-vulnerable one, bids a whole series of different declarations, which you and your partner double for business—that is the time to be wary, especially if the opponent is known to you as a canny player, former adducted to use of pay-chip bids. You can usually decide then that he has probably nothing except one very long suit—most likely the one he has not yet bid. When he finally calls it, do not fall into his trap and double unless you have a rather goodly holding in that suit. Preferably go on with your own side's bidding or pass to see what your partner desires to do.

S-K 10-4-3-2-1  
H-7-6-5-4  
D-None  
C-A-K-Q-10-6

S987	N	S2
HAQ8	W E	DAJ107
DQ864	S	C8782
CJ54		

S-A-Q-J-6-5  
H-J-10-9-3-2  
D-K-Q  
C-10

(Dealer: North, North-South vulnerable.)

North	East	South	West
1 C	1 S	Dbl	Pass
Pass	2 H	Dbl	Pass
Pass	3 NT	Dbl	Pass
Pass	3 C	Pass	Pass
Dbl	3 D	Dbl	

Both South and North fumbled that series of psychic bids by M. G. Murray, local star, in a duplicate at St. Petersburg, with Ed Larkin, another Florida stalwart opposite him in the West and clearly reading what

was up. But neither South, a visiting New Yorker, nor his partner did.

Even before Mr. Murray made his diamond call, a fine player sitting either North or South could have foretold that he would bid it and would have been ready to resume the bidding by his own side. South Trumps then with his single stopper if the suit got led, or could have passed; in the latter case, North should have bid either hearts or spades, following South's doubles. In any of these cases, game would have resulted.

The heart J lead enabled Mr. Murray to use the A and Q for discarding his spade. So he scored six tricks in diamonds, two in hearts and a club ruff for a tremendous top, the only plus, by any East-West pair in the duplicate which he and Mr. Larkin won.

**Tomorrow's Problem**

S A S  
A 5  
D A 9 7 5 4 2  
C A Q 10

S975 HJ1086  
82  
DQ10  
6K7

North	East	South	West
1 C	1 S	Dbl	Pass
Pass	2 H	Dbl	Pass
Pass	3 NT	Dbl	Pass
Pass	3 C	Pass	Pass
Dbl	3 D	Dbl	

(Dealer: North, East-West vulnerable.)

If West doubles your queerly bid 7-No Trumps in the South, how would you play for it against a lead of the heart J?

**Autumn Fashion Display In London**

London, July 31. Charles Creed, Britain's 200-year-old fashion house, launched a grand button and pocket drive in the autumn-spring suit show today.

Creed's exclusive city slicker ensembles had button cuffs, two-row buttoned jackets with matching box-pleated button skirts. Lines were slim, in opposition to Captain Molyneux; hourglass silhouette. Skirts were slightly longer, with varied use of pleats. Jackets had slightly padded shoulder lines with velvet-trimmed breast pockets.

Like his brother tweed designer, Digby Morton, Charles Creed cut suits in the lines of British wools, and worsteds. Dove-grey tweed had vertical pale-blue stripes, heather-coloured combinations had gilded material buttons to match. A cream shantung tailcoat had an inset panel in the back of the jacket slightly shorter than the other two. A pencil-slim skirt had a back hip-pocket

engages so much of its time in protecting China's interests when the strict line of the Colony's duty does not compel cooperation. As it is the British authorities and shipping companies are doing their utmost to assist. It would be a big change, and a little more encouraging to get some thanks for our trouble. Indeed of eternal recognition by Britain and

affect. The jacket fastened low, with three gilt buttons and half-circle shaped reversers.

Top coats favoured highwayman collars. A swing-back coat in Hampton Red (bright red) had a highwayman collar, rounded shoulders and wide cuffs. Three leather buttons held a high place on the back of the coat and led into full unpressed pleats.

A sunflower coloured coat had unusual black saddle-stitching round the high collar, front panels and halfway down the back, to end in a sprat's head. French waterproof velvet made up a box jacket. A lovely grey whipcord coat had green trimmed suede velvet hip pockets, arrow-shaped.

Pedal pushers in yellow, brown hopsack had a jigger-coat to match. Dandy-looking cocktail suits had knife-pleated skirts with frilled hemline. A high-necked bodice was gathered into a long even-linked waistline. Satin moire gave a shiny town air.

Evening coats were long, with contrasting coloured collar and cuffs. White grosgrain had a series of collar and tricorn-shaped cuffs. A silvery-grey brocade blouse with velvet bow at the front neckline and piping at the back had silk-up cuffs. A skirt in velvet fitted over an accordion-pleated skirt.

Charles Creed has not submitted designs for the Royal Warrant. His suits are worn slow to please Elizabeth on the drive to Palace. The lady is waiting for the Royal Warrant to be granted.

**A Complete Executorship and Trusteeship Service in the Colony of Hongkong.**

**Hongkong & Shanghai Bank, Hongkong (Trustee) Ltd.**

- Offers a comprehensive service as Executor, Trustee or Administrator in connection with Wills, Intestacies and Settlements.
- Undertakes other fiduciary duties of every description.
- Has been formed and is owned by the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation whose experience and resources are available to it.
- Is a Company staffed and equipped for the specialised function of administering estates and trusts.
- Invites application for a copy of its handbook, "The Service of the Hongkong & Shanghai Bank, Hongkong (Trustee) Ltd.", which gives full information about the Company and the scale of its moderate fees.

**Hongkong & Shanghai Bank, Hongkong (Trustee) Ltd.**

MEZZANINE FLOOR, HONGKONG BANK BUILDING



# B.O.A.C. ACROSS the WORLD

## 4 ENGINE FLYING BOAT SERVICE FROM HONG KONG

EVERY	TO	Fare HK\$
Thurs., Sat., Sun.	BANGKOK	534
Sun.	SINGAPORE	890
Thurs., Sat.	RANGOON	895
Thurs., Sat.	CALCUTTA	970
Thurs., Sat.	KARACHI	1,376
Thurs., Sat.	MARSEILLES	2,652
Thurs., Sat.	LONDON	2,749

As a result of the duplication of the "Dragon" Route flying boat service to England, we are able to offer non priority seats every week to the above destinations, on the world's most comfortable aircraft.

SLEEPING BERTHS STEWARD SERVICE  
WELL STOCKED BAR SMOKING COMPARTMENTS  
PROMENADE CABIN.

For further information and bookings apply to

THE GENERAL AGENTS

**JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.**

Airways Department

Hongkong: Tel. 50311.

Kowloon Office: Peninsula Hotel.

Tel. 50237.



## SKYWAYS LIMITED

ARE OPERATING FREQUENT FLIGHTS  
HONGKONG — SINGAPORE

Direct in 7 Hours

4-ENGINE LANCASTRIAN AIRCRAFT  
FARE HK\$880

SPECIAL EXCESS BAGGAGE & FREIGHT RATES

NEXT DEPARTURES:

6th August

9th August

Details and Bookings from

**JARDINE MATHESON & CO., LTD.**

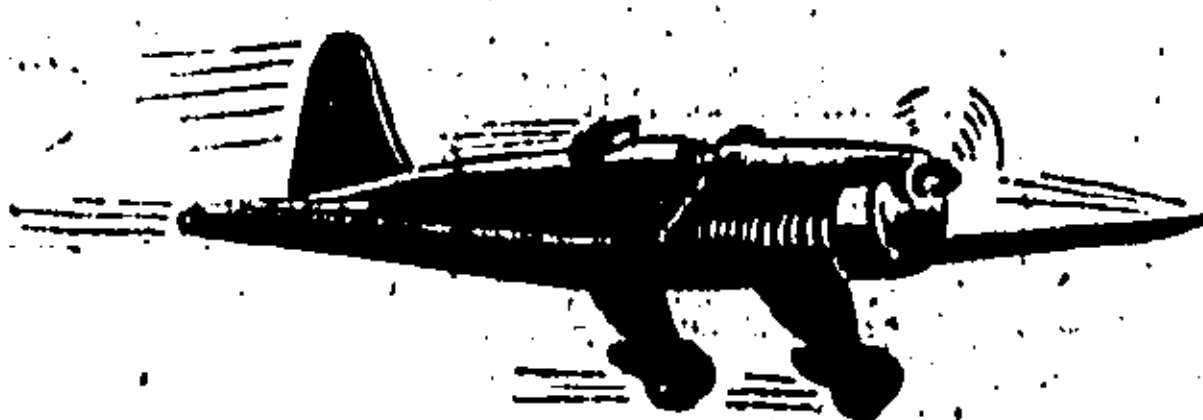
AIRWAYS DEPT.

Tel. 50311

And The Usual Booking Agents

## FEAR EAST FLYING TRAINING SCHOOL LTD.

Learn to Fly in Your Own Time



Start Your Aero Engineering Studies  
NEXT TERM COMMENCING 5TH AUGUST.

For Particulars Apply to:—

Top Floor, National City Bank of New York Bldg., 2 Queen's Rd., C.  
Telephone: Airfield 59023; Head Office 27250.

## 'How's your Cold?'

Don't let a cold ruin your day. It's easy to get a cold, but it's not easy to get rid of it. That's why you need a cold remedy that works fast and effectively. **Gone—thanks old chap for the**



# BRITISH AUTUMN BUDGET?

## To Counter Inflationary Dangers GOVERNMENT PREPARED FOR DECISIVE ACTION

### TALKS ON THE RUHR

Washington, Aug. 4. The Anglo-American Conference on Ruhr coal production will begin on Aug. 12, after repeated postponements, the State Department announced today.

Following the American invitation to the Ruhr talks early last month, Britain sent a formal note to Washington urging that the agenda be broadened to include all main problems of the Anglo-American Zones.

The note suggested that if America did not agree to this, the Washington meeting should be replaced by coal talks in Berlin. The suggestion was rejected and Britain then agreed to Washington as the venue.—Reuter.

## Polio's Spread To Scotland

London, Aug. 4. The outbreak of polio (infantile paralysis) the dreaded summer disease which so far has been confined in the British Isles mainly to the north and south of England, has now spread to Scotland.

About 70 cases are being treated there.

More deaths and new cases were reported throughout Britain today. In the week ended July 28, 302 cases were reported in England and Wales, the highest total in any single week, and an increase of 125 cases from the previous week.

The Ministry of Health believe that the incidence of the disease will continue for some time yet.—Reuter.

## CHINESE HEALTH PROPOSALS

New York, Aug. 4. Surgeon-General Robert K. S. Lim of the Chinese Nationalist Army said today that despite the woeful need of trained teachers China was proceeding with plans calling for 30 years of intensive work to establish huge medical centres and training stations.

Stepping off here en route home after attending the International Congress of Physiology at Oxford, England, Lim said that at present only 12,000 doctors were available for China's 450,000,000. He said Japanese facilities for 8,000 in Shanghai had been taken over while another centre was Peiping.

He discussed matters with Dr. Jerome P. Webster, Director of the American Bureau for Medical Aid for China, for which organization Lim is the advisor in China.—United Press.

London, Aug. 4. The Government is prepared to introduce a special autumn budget to counteract any serious inflationary dangers that may arise from the measures it will announce on Wednesday to meet Britain's present economic crisis, it was authoritatively learned today.

The most serious problem may come from the increased spending powers of workers in industries whose production will have been stepped up.

The Government will take a decision on the question of an autumn budget only after it has been able to study the effects of its proposed vast re-deployment of industries and trades that would be producing more and others that would be producing less.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, in a 90-minute speech in Parliament on Wednesday, will give Britain and the world a complete picture of the country's economic plight and the immediate measures which the Government proposes to meet it.

Today, Mr. Attlee had a preliminary meeting with the financial group of Cabinet members.

A special meeting of the Defence Committee—which includes all of Britain's service chiefs—was also held at No. 10, Downing Street, of service manpower. This is one of the principal cuts which the Government intends to make with the object of stabilising the national economy through the boosting of exports and the restriction of imports.

The reports of today's conferences will be placed before a meeting of the full Cabinet tomorrow, which will approve the Government's scheme and Mr. Attlee's speech in the House of Commons the following day.

### Key To Plan

The key to the Government's plan is a wholesale re-deployment of industry that will draw more and more productive capacity into:

1. Those industries which provide the country's best types of exports, and

2. Other industries whose job it will be to produce commodities for the home market to replace those that will no longer be imported from abroad.

This plan inevitably will depress the non-essential industries of the country, but is not expected to produce unemployment since the intention is, by regional schemes, to absorb labour from the non-essential industries into top-priority industries. Government will take powers to extend its present control over labour.

The Government will possess wartime powers of control of manpower in the mining and agricultural industries. Operatives in these industries may move from one firm to another but not out of the industry.

### To Be Extended

This machinery of control will now be extended to cover a large number of essential trades.

In the next few weeks, the Government will have to take a decision upon the iron and steel industry, from which, in the interests of the economic drive, it is determined to get a much larger output. This industry is scheduled for nationalisation in the next Parliamentary session.

It may be that, in order to get quicker control than would be possible if the highly controversial steel nationalisation bill goes before Parliament next year, the Government will, as a temporary expedient, assume national direction though ownership of the iron and steel industry.

It is considered unlikely that there will be any positive direction of labour in specific industries. The Government's purpose will be achieved rather from the positive direction of raw materials and coal.

It follows that industries which have been furnished by the Government with unlimited supplies of these two essentials will be working overtime whereas industries whose allotments have been curtailed will be working short time.

Quarters close to the Cabinet make it clear that the Government is ruling nothing out of its present economic review.

### Import Cuts

No administrative difficulties will be allowed to stand in the way of any proposal calculated to increase production for actual export or for home markets to replace exports from dollar countries.

The strongest sanctions will be available to ensure that efficient managements can, if necessary, be set aside.

The draft programme of import restrictions decided by the Government has yet to be revealed, but it may be assumed that petrol ranks among the dollar consuming commodities on which a saving will be made, together with films and various items of imported foodstuffs.

This aspect of retrenchment involves the British Zone of Germany, where the main strain upon British dollar resources is caused by her financing of German imports.

The curtailment in the volume and variety of consumer goods that will be available for import under the new plan is a danger signal of which the Government is well aware. Taken in conjunction with the increased "spending money" that will be earned by priority industry workers, it points the way to possible inflation unless controlled.

### No Compulsory Loans

That the Government has a plan for this control is certain, and if an autumn budget is con-

## Another Snub For Russia

LAKE SUCCESS, AUG. 4. THE UNITED NATIONS SECURITY COUNCIL LAST NIGHT CONSIDERED THE RUSSIAN RESOLUTION ON GREECE.

Main points of the resolution were:—

1. Greece is responsible for the border incidents.

2. The Greek internal situation is the cause of the troubled frontier.

3. Greek internal disorder is partially caused by foreign interference.

The Russian resolution also demanded the withdrawal of foreign troops and the setting up of a special commission to supervise foreign economic aid to Greece.

Introducing the resolution, M. Andrei Gromyko, of Russia, described foreign aid to Greece as being an attempt by "certain powerful states to impose economic and political slavery".

The Soviet resolution was, lost by nine votes to two, with only Poland and Russia in favour.—Reuter.

## Indian Currency Restrictions

New Delhi, Aug. 4. Further to the restrictions on capital remittances to sterling area countries, announced on July 3, the Government of India have decided to take action to secure that exchange proceeds of all exports to such countries should accrue to the India Exchange Control.

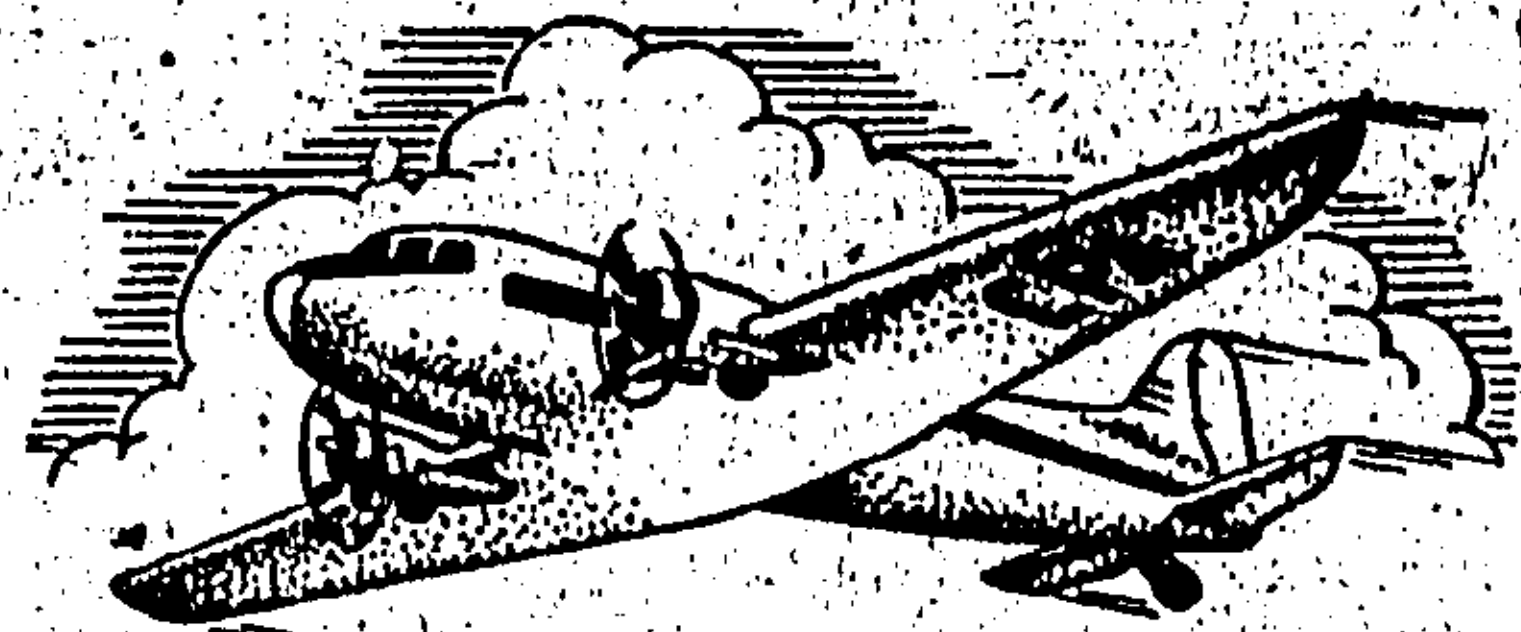
The Finance Department today said that from Aug. 19 all exporters will be required to furnish a declaration that an amount representing the full value of the goods to be exported has been or will be disposed of in the manner and within the period specified by the Reserve Bank.

Action has also been taken to withdraw with immediate effect permission for the transfer of securities, expressed as payable in rupees to sterling area countries and to impose other minor restrictions to conserve the country's foreign exchange resources.

Under the announcement of July 9, remittances of capital to sterling area countries were limited to those required for domestic trade payments, and personal remittances were restricted to amounts of £250 or 3,800 rupees.—Reuter.

considered necessary, doubtless it will deal with this problem. It has already, even made it clear, however, that the Government does not propose anything in the nature of compulsory "loans" to the State or an extension of the post-war credits system.

Heavier taxation must not, however, be ruled out as a possibility.—Reuter.



## Hong Kong's Own Airline

BANGKOK  
Departing 8th and 11th August ..... Fare \$528

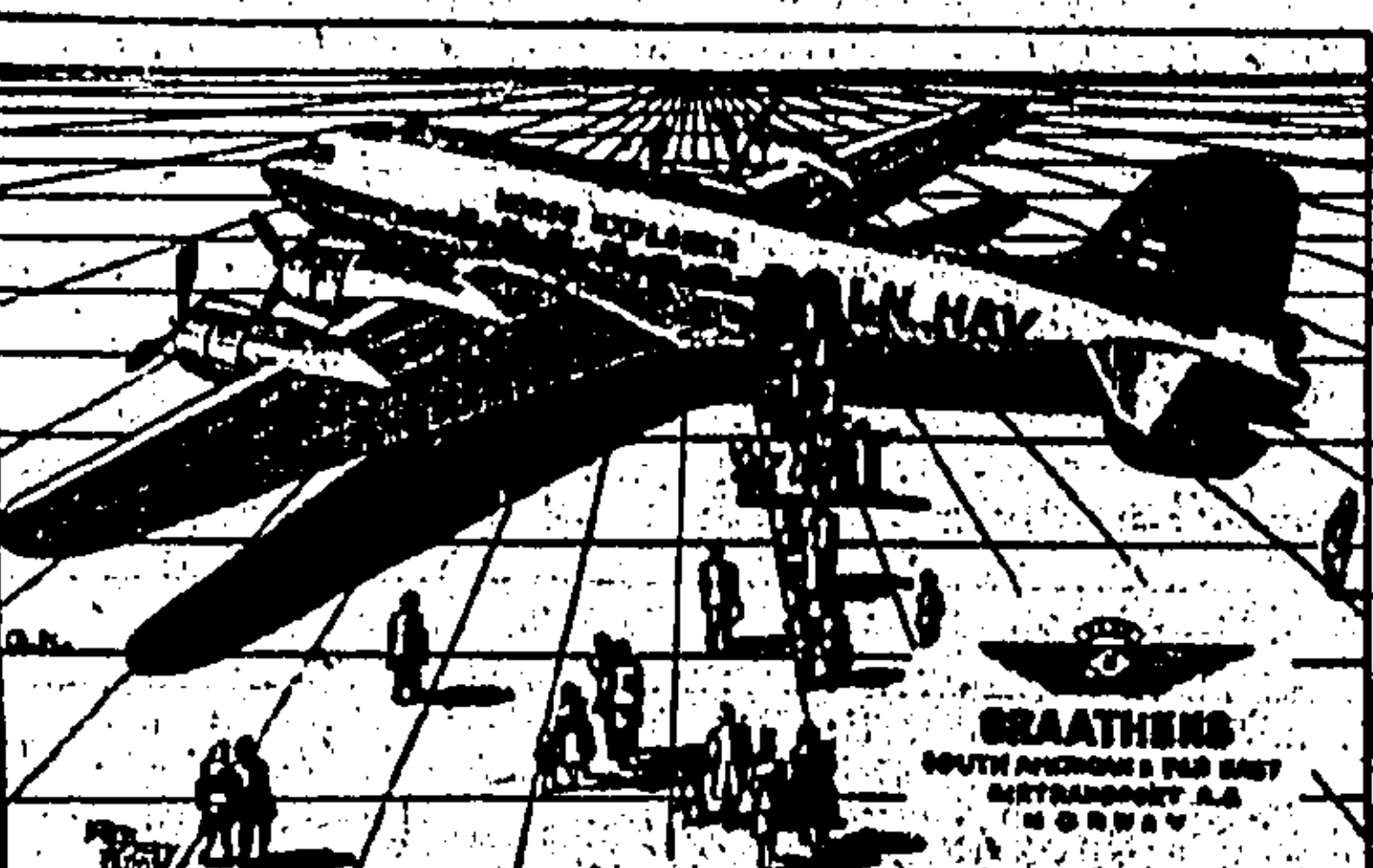
SINGAPORE  
Departing 8th and 11th August ..... Fare \$880

MANILA  
Departing 7th and 11th August ..... Fare \$800

SYDNEY  
Book now for the next aircraft ..... Fare \$2,200

Passenger & Freight Booking Agents  
(P. J. LOBO & CO., LTD.)  
4 Chater Road, Tel. 31162 & 31400  
Kowloon Office: Tel. 56260

## Tathay Pacific



LUXURIOUS "SKYMASTER" FOUR-ENGINE PLANES

## Hongkong-London

VIA AMSTERDAM

3 1/2 days

BOOKINGS ACCEPTED FOR ANY EUROPEAN DESTINATION  
NO PRIORITIES REQUIRED

EXPECTED DEPARTURES FROM HONGKONG:

10th August

24th August

For Passage & Freight bookings Apply to:—

**WALLEN & CO.**

Agents:

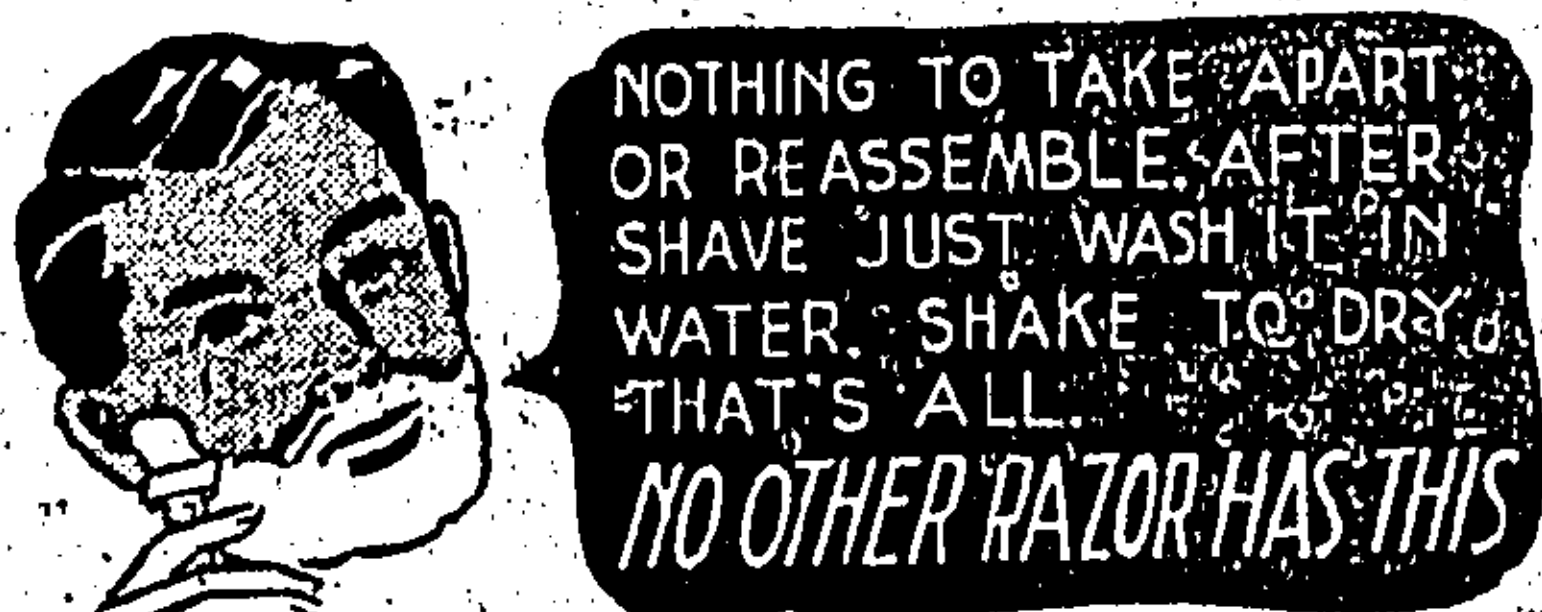
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building, Tel: 31177-9  
Chinese Freight Agents: HIN FAT & CO., Tel: 23443

## China National Aviation Corp.



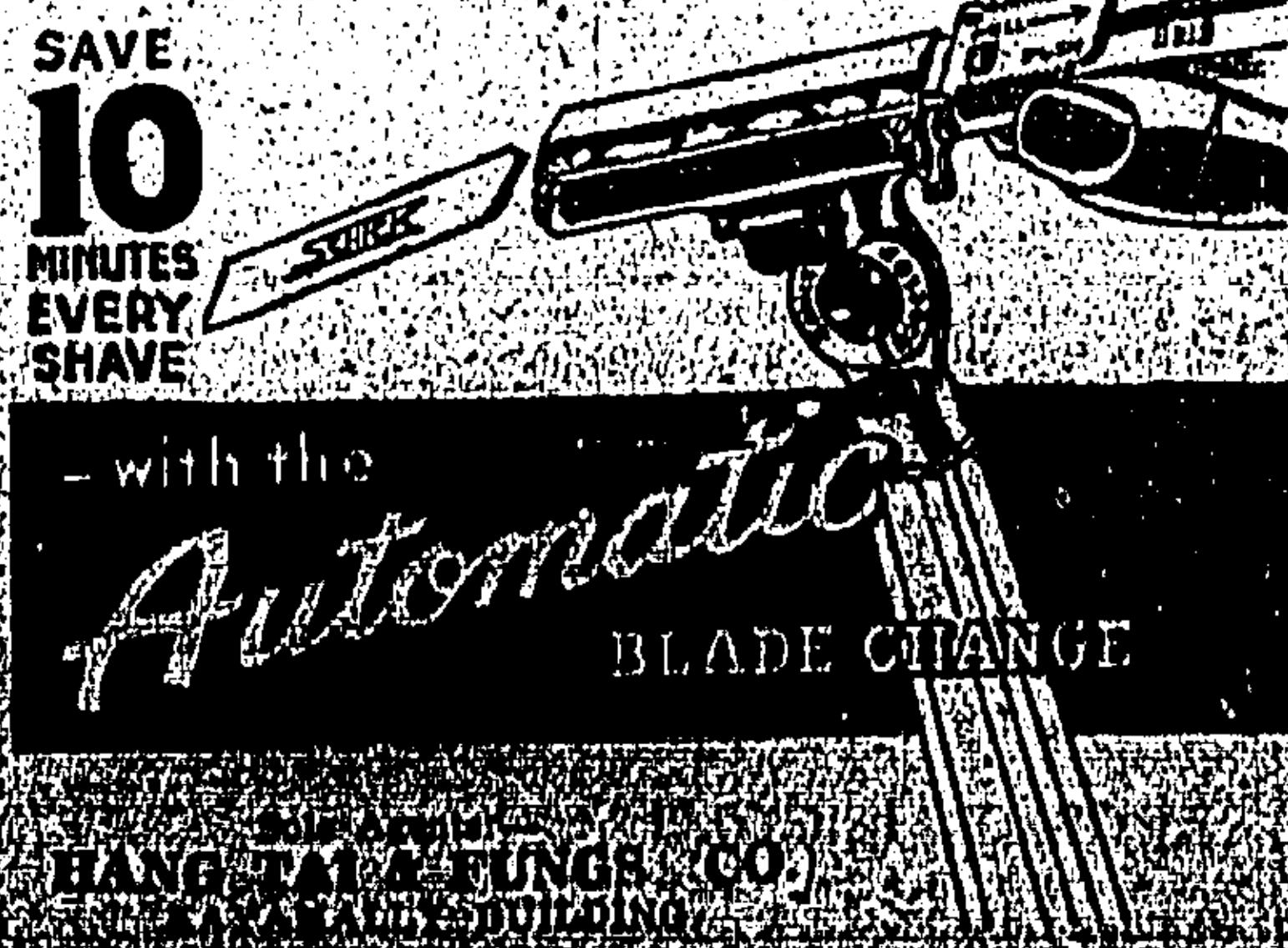
NEW COMFORT TO AIR TRAVEL

Hongkong-Shanghai Daily Service  
By LUXURIOUS DC-4



NOTHING TO TAKE APART  
OR REASSEMBLE AFTER  
SHAVE JUST WASH IT IN  
WATER. SHAKE TO DRY  
THAT'S ALL.  
NO OTHER RAZOR HAS THIS

## EVERSHARP Schick Injector RAZOR



HANG TAI & SONS CO.



THE SAFEST AND MOST CONVENIENT WAY TO DO THIS IS TO CARRY AMERICAN EXPRESS TRAVELERS CHEQUES

THE AMERICAN EXPRESS CO., INC.



# "GO-AHEAD" ON TARIFFS?

## Britain May Be Allowed To Discriminate

**MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.**

CHUCK BOGGS	18. Old sailor	little
YESTERDAY'S CROSSWORD	19. Flower	20. Whining
1. Answer: 4. About 2	21. Prince	22. 5. Pr
2. Answer: 9. Dumbly 10. Truly	23. Prince	24. 6. Shimmer
3. Answer: 12. How 13. Onward		
4. Answer: 15. How 16. Onward		

only about 125,000 ounces, an  
 ounce of 2 cents unchanged  
 close. The gold market was  
 virtually flat.

## ARGENTINE GOLD

No Fire Insurance Will  
Protect  
W. R. LOXLEY & CO.  
(CHINA) LTD.  
BEIJING, CHINA

1. **NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 2. **ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 3. **CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 4. **STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 5. **ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 6. **PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 7. **DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 8. **SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 9. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 10. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 11. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 12. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 13. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 14. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 15. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 16. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 17. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 18. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 19. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 20. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 21. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 22. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 23. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 24. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 25. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 26. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 27. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 28. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 29. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 30. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 31. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 32. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 33. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 34. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 35. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 36. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 37. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 38. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 39. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 40. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 41. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 42. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 43. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 44. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 45. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 46. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 47. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 48. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 49. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 50. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 51. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 52. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 53. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 54. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 55. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 56. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 57. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 58. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 59. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 60. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 61. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 62. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 63. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 64. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 65. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 66. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 67. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 68. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 69. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 70. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 71. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 72. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 73. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 74. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 75. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 76. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 77. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 78. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 79. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 80. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 81. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 82. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 83. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 84. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 85. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 86. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 87. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 88. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 89. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 90. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 91. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 92. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 93. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 94. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 95. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 96. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 97. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 98. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 99. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 100. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 101. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 102. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 103. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 104. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 105. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 106. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 107. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 108. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 109. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 110. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 111. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 112. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 113. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 114. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 115. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 116. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 117. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 118. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 119. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 120. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 121. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 122. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 123. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 124. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 125. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 126. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 127. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 128. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 129. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 130. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 131. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 132. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 133. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 134. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 135. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 136. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 137. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 138. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 139. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 140. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 141. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 142. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 143. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 144. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 145. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 146. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 147. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 148. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 149. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 150. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 151. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 152. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 153. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 154. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 155. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 156. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 157. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 158. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 159. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 160. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 161. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 162. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 163. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 164. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 165. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 166. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 167. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 168. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 169. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 170. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 171. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 172. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 173. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 174. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 175. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 176. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 177. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 178. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 179. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 180. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 181. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 182. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 183. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 184. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 185. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 186. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 187. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 188. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 189. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 190. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 191. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 192. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 193. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 194. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 195. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 196. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 197. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 198. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 199. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 200. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 201. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 202. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 203. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 204. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 205. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 206. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 207. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 208. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 209. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 210. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 211. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 212. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 213. **PRINT ZIP** \_\_\_\_\_  
 214. **PRINT PHONE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 215. **PRINT DATE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 216. **PRINT SIGNATURE** \_\_\_\_\_  
 217. **PRINT NAME** \_\_\_\_\_  
 218. **PRINT ADDRESS** \_\_\_\_\_  
 219. **PRINT CITY** \_\_\_\_\_  
 220. **PRINT STATE** \_\_\_\_\_

Clues Across		Clues Down	
Harvest	22. Wearisome	2. Farm	15. Very old
John	26. Afraid	3. Sinner	16. Smooth
Jump	27. Actual	4. Plombe	17. Out
At one	28. Muscovite	4. Unit of	18. Expanded
time	for	5. Unpleasant	19. Parson
Train	29. Campfire	6. Gasless	20. Rope
Cleric	30. Hard	7. Butler	21. Cycle
Booty	31. Volume	8. Mink	22. Yester-
Fretting	32. Locomo-	9. Machine	23. Inaction
Days	33. Adulate	10. Old sailor	24. Spanish
Selected	34. Institutions		title

**Yesterday's Crossword**

Across: 1. Aboard; 2. Aboard; 3. Aboard; 4. Aboard; 5. Aboard; 6. Aboard; 7. Aboard; 8. Aboard; 9. Aboard; 10. Aboard; 11. Aboard; 12. Aboard; 13. Aboard; 14. Aboard; 15. Aboard; 16. Aboard; 17. Aboard; 18. Aboard; 19. Aboard; 20. Aboard; 21. Aboard; 22. Aboard; 23. Aboard; 24. Aboard; 25. Aboard; 26. Aboard; 27. Aboard; 28. Aboard; 29. Aboard; 30. Aboard; 31. Aboard; 32. Aboard; 33. Aboard; 34. Aboard; 35. Aboard; 36. Aboard; 37. Aboard; 38. Aboard; 39. Aboard; 40. Aboard; 41. Aboard; 42. Aboard; 43. Aboard; 44. Aboard; 45. Aboard; 46. Aboard; 47. Aboard; 48. Aboard; 49. Aboard; 50. Aboard; 51. Aboard; 52. Aboard; 53. Aboard; 54. Aboard; 55. Aboard; 56. Aboard; 57. Aboard; 58. Aboard; 59. Aboard; 60. Aboard; 61. Aboard; 62. Aboard; 63. Aboard; 64. Aboard; 65. Aboard; 66. Aboard; 67. Aboard; 68. Aboard; 69. Aboard; 70. Aboard; 71. Aboard; 72. Aboard; 73. Aboard; 74. Aboard; 75. Aboard; 76. Aboard; 77. Aboard; 78. Aboard; 79. Aboard; 80. Aboard; 81. Aboard; 82. Aboard; 83. Aboard; 84. Aboard; 85. Aboard; 86. Aboard; 87. Aboard; 88. Aboard; 89. Aboard; 90. Aboard; 91. Aboard; 92. Aboard; 93. Aboard; 94. Aboard; 95. Aboard; 96. Aboard; 97. Aboard; 98. Aboard; 99. Aboard; 100. Aboard; 101. Aboard; 102. Aboard; 103. Aboard; 104. Aboard; 105. Aboard; 106. Aboard; 107. Aboard; 108. Aboard; 109. Aboard; 110. Aboard; 111. Aboard; 112. Aboard; 113. Aboard; 114. Aboard; 115. Aboard; 116. Aboard; 117. Aboard; 118. Aboard; 119. Aboard; 120. Aboard; 121. Aboard; 122. Aboard; 123. Aboard; 124. Aboard; 125. Aboard; 126. Aboard; 127. Aboard; 128. Aboard; 129. Aboard; 130. Aboard; 131. Aboard; 132. Aboard; 133. Aboard; 134. Aboard; 135. Aboard; 136. Aboard; 137. Aboard; 138. Aboard; 139. Aboard; 140. Aboard; 141. Aboard; 142. Aboard; 143. Aboard; 144. Aboard; 145. Aboard; 146. Aboard; 147. Aboard; 148. Aboard; 149. Aboard; 150. Aboard; 151. Aboard; 152. Aboard; 153. Aboard; 154. Aboard; 155. Aboard; 156. Aboard; 157. Aboard; 158. Aboard; 159. Aboard; 160. Aboard; 161. Aboard; 162. Aboard; 163. Aboard; 164. Aboard; 165. Aboard; 166. Aboard; 167. Aboard; 168. Aboard; 169. Aboard; 170. Aboard; 171. Aboard; 172. Aboard; 173. Aboard; 174. Aboard; 175. Aboard; 176. Aboard; 177. Aboard; 178. Aboard; 179. Aboard; 180. Aboard; 181. Aboard; 182. Aboard; 183. Aboard; 184. Aboard; 185. Aboard; 186. Aboard; 187. Aboard; 188. Aboard; 189. Aboard; 190. Aboard; 191. Aboard; 192. Aboard; 193. Aboard; 194. Aboard; 195. Aboard; 196. Aboard; 197. Aboard; 198. Aboard; 199. Aboard; 200. Aboard; 201. Aboard; 202. Aboard; 203. Aboard; 204. Aboard; 205. Aboard; 206. Aboard; 207. Aboard; 208. Aboard; 209. Aboard; 210. Aboard; 211. Aboard; 212. Aboard; 213. Aboard; 214. Aboard; 215. Aboard; 216. Aboard; 217. Aboard; 218. Aboard; 219. Aboard; 220. Aboard; 221. Aboard; 222. Aboard; 223. Aboard; 224. Aboard; 225. Aboard; 226. Aboard; 227. Aboard; 228. Aboard; 229. Aboard; 230. Aboard; 231. Aboard; 232. Aboard; 233. Aboard; 234. Aboard; 235. Aboard; 236. Aboard; 237. Aboard; 238. Aboard; 239. Aboard; 240. Aboard; 241. Aboard; 242. Aboard; 243. Aboard; 244. Aboard; 245. Aboard; 246. Aboard; 247. Aboard; 248. Aboard; 249. Aboard; 250. Aboard; 251. Aboard; 252. Aboard; 253. Aboard; 254. Aboard; 255. Aboard; 256. Aboard; 257. Aboard; 258. Aboard; 259. Aboard; 260. Aboard; 261. Aboard; 262. Aboard; 263. Aboard; 264. Aboard; 265. Aboard; 266. Aboard; 267. Aboard; 268. Aboard; 269. Aboard; 270. Aboard; 271. Aboard; 272. Aboard; 273. Aboard; 274. Aboard; 275. Aboard; 276. Aboard; 277. Aboard; 278. Aboard; 279. Aboard; 280. Aboard; 281. Aboard; 282. Aboard; 283. Aboard; 284. Aboard; 285. Aboard; 286. Aboard; 287. Aboard; 288. Aboard; 289. Aboard; 290. Aboard; 291. Aboard; 292. Aboard; 293. Aboard; 294. Aboard; 295. Aboard; 296. Aboard; 297. Aboard; 298. Aboard; 299. Aboard; 300. Aboard; 301. Aboard; 302. Aboard; 303. Aboard; 304. Aboard; 305. Aboard; 306. Aboard; 307. Aboard; 308. Aboard; 309. Aboard; 310. Aboard; 311. Aboard; 312. Aboard; 313. Aboard; 314. Aboard; 315. Aboard; 316. Aboard; 317. Aboard; 318. Aboard; 319. Aboard; 320. Aboard; 321. Aboard; 322. Aboard; 323. Aboard; 324. Aboard; 325. Aboard; 326. Aboard; 327. Aboard; 328. Aboard; 329. Aboard; 330. Aboard; 331. Aboard; 332. Aboard; 333. Aboard; 334. Aboard; 335. Aboard; 336. Aboard; 337. Aboard; 338. Aboard; 339. Aboard; 340. Aboard; 341. Aboard; 342. Aboard; 343. Aboard; 344. Aboard; 345. Aboard; 346. Aboard; 347. Aboard; 348. Aboard; 349. Aboard; 350. Aboard; 351. Aboard; 352. Aboard; 353. Aboard; 354. Aboard; 355. Aboard; 356. Aboard; 357. Aboard; 358. Aboard; 359. Aboard; 360. Aboard; 361. Aboard; 362. Aboard; 363. Aboard; 364. Aboard; 365. Aboard; 366. Aboard; 367. Aboard; 368. Aboard; 369. Aboard; 370. Aboard; 371. Aboard; 372. Aboard; 373. Aboard; 374. Aboard; 375. Aboard; 376. Aboard; 377. Aboard; 378. Aboard; 379. Aboard; 380. Aboard; 381. Aboard; 382. Aboard; 383. Aboard; 384. Aboard; 385. Aboard; 386. Aboard; 387. Aboard; 388. Aboard; 389. Aboard; 390. Aboard; 391. Aboard; 392. Aboard; 393. Aboard; 394. Aboard; 395. Aboard; 396. Aboard; 397. Aboard; 398. Aboard; 399. Aboard; 400. Aboard; 401. Aboard; 402. Aboard; 403. Aboard; 404. Aboard; 405. Aboard; 406. Aboard; 407. Aboard; 408. Aboard; 409. Aboard; 410. Aboard; 411. Aboard; 412. Aboard; 413. Aboard; 414. Aboard; 415. Aboard; 416. Aboard; 417. Aboard; 418. Aboard; 419. Aboard; 420. Aboard; 421. Aboard; 422. Aboard; 423. Aboard; 424. Aboard; 425. Aboard; 426. Aboard; 427. Aboard; 428. Aboard; 429. Aboard; 430. Aboard; 431. Aboard; 432. Aboard; 433. Aboard; 434. Aboard; 435. Aboard; 436. Aboard; 437. Aboard; 438. Aboard; 439. Aboard; 440. Aboard; 441. Aboard; 442. Aboard; 443. Aboard; 444. Aboard; 445. Aboard; 446. Aboard; 447. Aboard; 448. Aboard; 449. Aboard; 450. Aboard; 451. Aboard; 452. Aboard; 453. Aboard; 454. Aboard; 455. Aboard;

ARGENTINE GOLD

RELATIONS AND CO-OPERATION  
RUSSELL & CO (CHINA)  
ASIA







**FOTOPRINT**  
CAMERAS  
&  
PHOTOGRAPHIC  
SERVICES  
7, D'Aguiar St., H.K.  
9, Middle Rd., Kow.

# CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 6, 1947.

**CAMERA REPAIRS**  
all types of  
CAMERAS, ENLARGERS & PROJECTORS  
Workmanship guaranteed.  
**ASIA PHOTO SUPPLY** 10 Ice House St.

## Gloucestershire Makes Strong Bid To Win County Title

### Trial Of Japs Near End

The concluding stages of the war crimes trial of four Japanese gentlemen was reached yesterday, when the defence closed with the calling of two further witnesses to fact.

The four gentlemen, Captain Ishiyama Yukio, Sgt. Major Ishiyama Kintaro, Morino Sakuzo and Matsuyama Hikoshi, are charged with being concerned in the ill-treatment of persons in custody at Western District Detention Headquarters (Central Police Station), between Dec. 31, 1941 and Feb. 17, 1945.

Lieut. Tannaka Hiroshi, former Commandant, Argyle Street and Shamshuipo Officers' Camps, said he knew Lieut. Shirigley, who was taken out of Camp some time in June 1944 by a Japanese. A few days later, he heard that Shirigley had killed himself.

Ohtsuka Sekitaro, employed as a temporary interpreter at Western District Detention in June and July 1944, said that Ushigaki and Komino interrogated Lieut. Shirigley. Morino at no time carried out any interrogation of Shirigley. Ohtsuka said that he was one of those present after Shirigley had committed suicide. Ohtsuka said that he did not hear Morino uttering any words or hear Shirigley's body. Ohtsuka also said that he never saw Enli Landau ill-treated or burnt by Morino.

Under cross-examination, Ohtsuka admitted that he was serving a two-year sentence at Stanley for a war crime.

Hearing was adjourned until 10 a.m. on Monday, Aug. 11.

### Baseball

New York, Aug. 5.

In the National League, the Cardinals won their fourth straight game, stopping the Cubs with a 17 hit attack resulting in a 4-1 win for the Cardinals.

Howie Pollet pitched his seventh victory of the season. Cardinals' Stan Musial homered in the eighth.

Scores:

	R	H	E
St. Louis	8	17	0
Chicago	1	10	0

Winning pitcher Howie Pollet. —Associated Press.

### U.S. TENNIS

South Orange, N.J., Aug. 5.

Two British members of the Wightman Cup team on Monday won their first round tennis matches in the Eastern Grass Courts Championships.

Mrs. Betty Hilton defeated Priscilla J. Watts of Maplewood, New Jersey, 6-4, 6-2.

Jean Quertier defeated Carolyn Lipworth of Brooklyn 6-1, 6-0. —Associated Press.

### RADIO

ZBW Hong Kong broadcasting on a frequency of 845 kilocycles from 12.30 to 2.00 p.m., and 6.30 to 11.00 p.m., and also on 9.55 megacycles in the 31 metre band from 12.30 to 1.15, 7.30 to 8.30 and 9.15 to 11.00 p.m.

11.15 p.m.—Daily Programme Summary.

12.31 p.m.—The Organ, Dance Band and Me.

12.47 p.m.—Carson, Robinson and His Pioneers.

1.00 p.m.—News, Weather Report and Announcements.

1.15 p.m.—Orchestral Interlude.

1.30 p.m.—Frank Sinatra (Vocal) and Tommy Dorsey and His Orchestra.

1.50 p.m.—B.B.C. Transcription Service: The London Radio Orchestra.

2.00 p.m.—Close Down.

2.05 p.m.—Studio Children's Half-Hour.

2.30 p.m.—Stars Parade: Favourites of Today and Yesterday.

2.45 p.m.—The Immortal "Straw Hat"—Vienna Waltz Orchestra.

2.50 p.m.—"Music Time"—Orchestra of H.M. Royal Marines with Frederick Harvey, Tenor.

3.00 p.m.—London Relay: World News from Britain.

3.15 p.m.—The "Big Show"—Classical Recital Programme presented by Marion Glover.

3.30 p.m.—B.B.C. Transcription Service: "Alpine Echoes" and "Chatter Day" presented by Marion Glover.

3.45 p.m.—London Relay: News.

4.00 p.m.—Weather Report.

4.15 p.m.—Vocal Interlude.

4.30 p.m.—The "Big Show"—Classical Recital Programme presented by Marion Glover.

4.45 p.m.—London Relay: News.

5.00 p.m.—Weather Report.

5.15 p.m.—Vocal Interlude.

5.30 p.m.—The "Big Show"—Classical Recital Programme presented by Marion Glover.

5.45 p.m.—London Relay: News.

6.00 p.m.—Weather Report.

6.15 p.m.—Vocal Interlude.

6.30 p.m.—The "Big Show"—Classical Recital Programme presented by Marion Glover.

6.45 p.m.—London Relay: News.

7.00 p.m.—Weather Report.

7.15 p.m.—Vocal Interlude.

7.30 p.m.—The "Big Show"—Classical Recital Programme presented by Marion Glover.

7.45 p.m.—London Relay: News.

8.00 p.m.—Weather Report.

8.15 p.m.—Vocal Interlude.

8.30 p.m.—The "Big Show"—Classical Recital Programme presented by Marion Glover.

8.45 p.m.—London Relay: News.

9.00 p.m.—Weather Report.

9.15 p.m.—Vocal Interlude.

9.30 p.m.—The "Big Show"—Classical Recital Programme presented by Marion Glover.

9.45 p.m.—London Relay: News.

10.00 p.m.—Weather Report.

10.15 p.m.—Vocal Interlude.

10.30 p.m.—The "Big Show"—Classical Recital Programme presented by Marion Glover.

10.45 p.m.—London Relay: News.

11.00 p.m.—Weather Report.

London, Aug. 3.

Gloucestershire, continuing their strong bid for County championship honours, beat Somerset today, skittling them out in the second innings in 50 minutes for 25 runs—the lowest total of the season.

Remarkable bowling by 47-year-old Tom Goddard, right arm off-spinner, who took five wickets for four runs, including the hat-trick, was mainly responsible for the debacle. His total of five wickets was obtained in seven balls.

There was six ducks in Somerset's innings, and ten batsmen scored only eight runs between them.

Close of play scores today were:

At Canterbury: Kent beat Hampshire by an innings and 44 runs. Kent 445 for seven declared. Hampshire 285 (Bridger 65, Manners 121, Wright five for 123) and 116 (Wright five for 35, Dwyer three for 16).

At Kennington Oval: Nottinghamshire 427, Surrey 273 for seven (Flashlock 80, Squires 53).

At Leicester: Northamptonshire 455 (Childs-Clarke 68), Leicestershire 224, (C.B. Clarke five for 69) and 21 for three.

At Hove: Middlesex 401 for four declared, Sussex 195 and 258 for six (C. Oakes 89, Bartlett 50 not out).

At Derby: Derbyshire 325 (Smith 76), Warwickshire 107 for six.

At Chelmsford: Worcester-shire 297 (Jenkins 63, Howarth 95), Essex 65 (Perks six for 24, Jackson three for five) and 144 for five.

At Bristol: Gloucestershire beat Somerset by 816 runs. Gloucestershire 244 and 195 for nine declared (Hazzell five for 62), Somerset 98 and 25 (Goddard five for four, Barnett two for 10, Lambert two for 10, Cook one for one).

At Sheffield: Yorkshire 310 for eight declared (Sellers 80, Lancashire 91 for two (Washbrook 69 not out)).

At Lords: R.A.F.—200 (Shirreff 120), Army 163 for five (Hearn 56 not out). —Reuters.

### Bowler's Pitch

Swansea, Aug. 4.

Heavy overnight rain, which penetrated the covers, left the pitch ideal for spin bowlers on the second day of the match between Glamorgan and the South Africans.

Seventeen of the 18 wickets which fell during the day fell to spin bowlers. The South African, Athol Rowan, got most assistance out of the turf, his accurate length and good flight keeping all batsmen subdued.

Glamorgan were all out for 197 in reply to the tourists' total of 260.

The Welsh off-break bowlers, Cey and Muncer, sent back six South African batsmen in the tourists' second innings for 80, before Viljoen and Pryn confidently put on 65 in 45 minutes.

### YACHT CLUB

The weather held just long enough last week for the Royal Hong Kong Yacht Club dance to be held in comfort on Saturday night—but the weather on Sunday together with the after effects of the dance washed out any sailing races on Sunday.

Two well-supported races were held on Saturday afternoon, 8 dinghies starting in one, and 8 Stars starting in the other. The results were:

**SATURDAY AFTERNOON, AUGUST 2.**

**DINGHY RACE**

1st: Dyer (1) (Manning, Roberts) 1.28.40

2nd: Commodore (1) (Hawes) 1.32.50

3rd: Belfast (Goodhart) 1.33.10

4th: Duke of York (1) (Wright) 1.37.33

5th: Black (Trabner) 1.38.08

6th: Gloucestershire (1) (Dyer, Muncer) 1.42.35

7th: Gloucestershire (2) (Dyer, Muncer) 1.42.35

8th: Gloucestershire (3) (Dyer, Muncer) 1.42.35

**STARS RACE**

1st: Atoll (Goodhart, Harris) 1.14.47

2nd: Belatrix (Brown) 1.14.47

3rd: Daphne (Hawes) 1.14.47

4th: Belatrix (Brown) 1.14.47

5th: Belatrix (Brown) 1.14.47

6th: Belatrix (Brown) 1.14.47

7th: Belatrix (Brown) 1.14.47

8th: Belatrix (Brown) 1.14.47

Next weekend there will be the final race in the present season. The results of the series will be published in the next issue of the Club's magazine.

### Fine For Use Of Opium

A fine of \$100 was today imposed on Chang Yee Ping, 39-year-old broker, who appeared before Mr. d'Almada at Central yesterday on charges of having 2.3 mace prepared opium in his possession, preparing opium at 39, Jaffe Road (2nd. Floor) and being in possession of a lamp and a pipe fit for smoking.

On a further charge of offering a bribe of six gold bars valued at over \$1,000 to Insp. Bodie who raided the premises defendant was found not guilty and discharged.

Prosecuting, A.S.P. Haigh Brown told the court that at about 8.20 a.m. on June 2 Insp. Bodie and five police constables raided 39, Jaffe Road.

On arrival they found the opium gear and Insp. Bodie was told by the defendant that if he had \$2,000 he would have given it to the inspector but as he had no ready cash in the house he could not do so.

Insp. Bodie told accused that he did not want any money and he then continued the search of the premises.

### Much Shame

While the police were searching the flat, defendant called the Inspector into another cubicle where he offered him the six gold bars, saying: "No arrest, too many neighbours. Much shame! If you want more, I will get it for you."

Accused was then told that he would be charged with offering a bribe to the police officer.

Mr. Silva, defending, said that there was a misunderstanding his client intended the money for bail and not as a bribe to the police officer.

Cross-examined, Insp. Bodie admitted that accused could have meant the money for bail but as his English was not very good and he was excited he had paid little attention to defendant's conversation until he actually offered the gold bars to him.

In evidence accused said that he did not want to go to the police station as the neighbours would see him and he would not know enough English to tell him so.

## No Trace Of Lost Plane

Tihwa, Sinkiang, Aug. 5.

A search by Chinese air force planes has failed to reveal any trace of the military transport which disappeared on July 31 with 26 persons aboard.

Among those in the plane were the young and pretty American newspaperwoman, Barbara Stephens, and Brian Sorensen, son of the British Labour M.P., the Rev R. Sorensen.

A wholly unconfirmed report reached here that farmers in the region where the missing plane was presumed to have been lost, saw smoke from a burning aircraft.

Although the region was searched yesterday by two Chinese air force planes and an even more intensive search made today, no trace of the missing transport was found.

The region which the search planes combed centred around Chayakwan, about 600 miles southeast of Tihwa.

Brian Sorensen recently made a two-month trip across the Gobi Desert by truck and then spent two weeks here as the guest of the Governor of Sinkiang, Mesud Sabri.

Sorensen served with an ambulance unit in China for two years and had charge of truck convoys out of Chungking. —Associated Press.

## 185 Risky Buildings

During the first six months of the year, 185 buildings were declared dangerous by the Public Works Department, a Government spokesman told the "China Mail" yesterday.

In all cases the owners "are ordered to render the buildings safe or to demolish them. If they fail to do so, the work is done at their expense by the Public Works Department."

The spokesman said that the P.W.D. inspects all buildings reported as being in such bad repair that their condition may render them dangerous.

He pointed out that it is not the duty or function of the Department to inspect all buildings in order to ascertain whether or not they are in a dangerous condition, but that inspections are carried out in the case of any building which is known or believed to be in a dangerous condition.

The official continued that it was not easy to determine why a building collapsed after it had collapsed. He advised that the occupants of any building in bad repair report the matter to their landlord and if he failed to remedy the matter, they would be doing a public service by reporting to the Building Authority, P.W.D.

## NEW MAN IN SHAI MURDER

(Continued from Page 1)

The city police were inclined to doubt Archer's statement that Malloy fired the shot, saying that the Briton might be "passing the buck" on the American soldier.

The murder occurred on Friday when Archer was on a deserted highway near the airport, driving away. The dying merchant told the police that foreigners shot him, giving merely the name "Charles."

The police picked up the widow who identified Archer from a file of pictures of foreigners named Charles as the foreigner having often had secret dollar and gold bar deals with her husband.

When arrested, Archer, according to the police, implicated Malloy.

According to the widow, Yu often contacted foreigners and arranged short range excursions to the "highways" and "creeks" where the foreigners would buy dollars and gold bars from them.

Archer was arrested on Friday, Aug. 5, at the airport, and is being held in the police station.

## BUILDING SOCIETY MOVE TO PROBE GOVERNMENT

Hong Kong's proposed Home-Building Society is to approach Government to ascertain the latter's attitude towards the two major questions of land and finance.

This was decided upon by the committee elected after the recent meeting in Kowloon at its first session, when it was also resolved to draw up a draft Constitution and Rules of the proposed Society.

Having clarified their terms of reference and agreed upon general procedure, the Committee reviewed the proposed scheme in detail, and agreed that subject to satisfactory arrangements being possible as to acquisition of land and provision of finance, the proposal was sound and practical.

Model rules for Cooperative Home Building Societies, officially published in New South Wales, together with the Rules of a large Sydney Building Society, were tabled and discussed.

Details of the 40 years scheme instituted by Government in 1923 were also tabled; this was essentially a scheme by which Government provided land on favourable terms to facilitate construction by landlords of houses for rental at fixed rents.

Although it differed fundamentally therefore from the present proposal, which is entirely non-profit making, it was agreed that it constituted a useful precedent. After further discussion, including study of potential sites, the following immediate steps were decided upon:

(i) To write officially to Government outlining the general provisions of the scheme, and requesting an interview with a responsible official at which after discussion it is hoped to ascertain Government's attitude towards the two major questions of land and finance.

(ii) Simultaneously, to draw up a draft Constitution and Rules of the proposed Building Society, detailing the liabilities of members, the method of control, safeguards and all other details. The draft Constitution to be included in negotiations with Government, in order that they may be satisfied that the proposal is non-profit-making, and that effective control will be exercised, and to be submitted to all registered potential subscribers before being brought before a meeting of subscribers for approval.

(iii) To review the particulars furnished by the existing applied and complete a classified record thereof.

It was agreed that detailed discussions of types of buildings should be postponed pending the result of preliminary negotiations with Government; the Chairman referred, however, to the problems of the "cubicle dweller," which while obviously not within the scope of the present proposal was one which he felt should be borne in mind.

The Committee unanimously agreed that consideration should be given to the formation of a body to explore the possibilities of evolving some scheme, for the benefit of this hard-pressed section of the community.

The Committee acknowledges with thanks the receipt of suggestions and sketches of proposed terraces of houses from Mr. V. Toozoff, which, unfortunately, do not comply with local Building Regulations; any other suggestion from the community will be welcome, and will receive full consideration.

Potential subscribers to the Home-Building Society and all others interested are requested to note that all communications in connection therewith should be addressed to Mr. H. Braga, c/o Metropolitan Construction Company, and not to the Kowloon Residents' Association. The Committee will meet again on Friday, Aug. 8.

The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"There are, however, some significant features about this case. The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The Hong Kong Government takes a serious view of this practice. It defrauds the shipping companies of their freights and subjects them to a possible fine of three times the value of the cargo in the port of destination. Moreover, in spite of some ill-informed trumpeting of vested interests in the north, Hong Kong is anxious that this port shall not be used as a smuggling base to the detriment of China's economy."

"There are, however, some significant features about this case. The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

## Money Behind Smuggler

"There must be big money behind this traffic; the real culprits are not in court and cannot be found," declared Mr. Eric Himsforth, Superintendent of the I. and E. Department, prosecuting 22 Chinese for exporting unmanifested cargo before Mr. Conklin at Central yesterday.

The case was a sequel to the record seizure of unmanifested goods on board the ss "Sinkiang" last Friday as she was about to leave for Amoy.

Fines ranging from \$1,500 to \$200 were imposed on defendants.

Presenting the case for the prosecution, Mr. Himsforth said:

"Just before the s.s. 'Sinkiang' was to leave for Amoy, two junks came alongside the vessel and, in spite of the protests of the ship's officials, a gang of coolies proceeded to dump on to the vessel the motley cargo which forms the subject matter of these charges."

"The assistance of the Imports and Exports department was called for, and the next three hours were spent unloading one of the largest seizures of unmanifested cargo made in this port. The goods are those which could not be imported into China without a licence, and for which a licence at present would be given."

"Consequently, such commodities command a very high price in China and this makes the smuggling of these goods into China a very profitable business."

"The goods cover everything from dried snails to bicycles, from grinding powder to face cream. There is enough penicillin to stock a hospital, and enough milk to run a baby clinic. The total amount of cargo involved is some 35 tons worth valued at about \$1 1/2 lakhs."

"The Hong Kong Government takes a serious view of this practice. It defrauds the shipping companies of their freights and subjects them to a possible fine of three times the value of the cargo in the port of destination. Moreover, in spite of some ill-informed trumpeting of vested interests in the north, Hong Kong is anxious that this port shall not be used as a smuggling base to the detriment of China's economy."

"There are, however, some significant features about this case. The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

## ARMY BAN ON CHENNAULT

Shanghai, Aug. 5.

Major General Chennault today offered to make another recording of his four-minute Air Force Day address which was banned from broadcast by the American Army station, XMG, by order of Maj.-Gen. John P. Lucas, commanding the United Nations Military Advisory Group in China.

The offer was made after a radioed request by the former Governor James A. Noe, of Louisiana.

Noe said the broadcast would be carried over his two stations, WNOE at New Orleans and KNOE at Monroe, Louisiana, and also by the KNBT in Texas "and possibly quite a few other stations."

Gen. Chennault told Noe he understood his original record had been destroyed but said he was ready to make another and airmail it to Louisiana. —Associated Press.

therefore, that this cargo would, on arrival, have been liable to seizure. Nevertheless, it would be impossible to take 35 tons of cargo off a ship in any port without it being seen, and it would seem that the people who loaded this cargo on to the ship knew that there would be a reasonable opportunity of safely unloading in Amoy without any great prospect of confiscation. I do not know what facilities exist in Amoy for getting unmanifested cargo ashore, but they would appear to be adequate and effective."

"The traffic in unmanifested cargo has been demanding an increasing amount of attention from Revenue Officers throughout the year. There have been nearly 500 cases before the courts this year and the situation shows little if any improvement."

"In these particular cases it is my belief that the owners of these commodities entrusted their goods to a so-called 'transportation' company, who guaranteed to get these goods out of Hong Kong and to deliver them in China as required. No doubt many of the owners were duped by this promise, but the promoters expected that they would experience little difficulty either in Hong Kong or at the other end."

"It is for this reason that I am not asking prison sentences against the defendants. There must be big money behind this traffic, the real culprits are not in court and cannot be found. I do ask, however, that in addition to any fines which Your Worship might see fit to impose, that Your Worship will confiscate the whole of this illicit cargo. I think confiscation will bring home to the defendants, perhaps better than any other penalty, that when freight is put on a ship it must pay freight and be entered on the manifest."

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached its destination, have to pass through the ordinary channels, where it would be checked against import licences and the manifest. One would expect,

"The first is that an attempt was made to put this cargo on the ship without recording it on the manifest. The inference from this is that the cargo would not, when it reached